

ANALYSIS OF JOB CREATION from 2017 Expenditures for Energy Efficiency in Rhode Island by National Grid

Prepared for National Grid

Prepared by:

Peregrine Energy Group, Inc.
2 Oliver Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02109

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Executive Summary

National Grid has commissioned Peregrine Energy Group, Inc. (Peregrine) to study the job impacts of National Grid's Rhode Island energy efficiency electric and gas programs and services delivered in 2017. This study meets the requirements of General Law 39-2-1.2, enacted by the Rhode Island General Assembly in 2012.

In 2017, National Grid spent a total of \$117,525,163 on electric and gas energy efficiency programs and services for Rhode Island that saved a reported 232,061 annual megawatt hours (MWh) of electricity and 468,211 million British thermal units (MMBtus) of natural gas. Electric and gas energy efficiency programs and services sponsored, supported, and provided by National Grid in Rhode Island not only helped to reduce unnecessary energy use, but also saved money for customers, lowered CO2 emissions, and increased the health, comfort, and safety of homes and businesses.

In 2017, as in previous years, all programs experienced continuing strong levels of customer participation as well as demand for and acceptance of energy efficiency services. All markets continue to be positively affected by strong growth in energy efficient lighting installations, fueled by falling prices for and expanded availability and increased diversity of light emitting diode or "LED" lighting products. For electric and gas programs, all sectors exceeded energy savings and customer participation goals.¹

That said, the focus of this study is less *what* was accomplished by National Grid programs than *how* it was done, and by whom. Although job creation is not a formal goal of National Grid's energy efficiency programs and services, employment represents a significant additional economic benefit that investments in energy efficiency contribute to Rhode Island and to the businesses participating in National Grid's programs.

Peregrine has calculated that 726.4 full-time equivalent (FTE) workers were employed in 2017 as a result of National Grid expenditures for energy efficiency programs provided to its Rhode Island electricity and natural gas customers. For purposes of this study, Peregrine and National Grid agreed that one FTE would equal 1,760 work hours, or the total of one person working 8 hours a day for 220 work days in an average year. Because a "full-time equivalent" employee very often represents the labors of more than one person over the course of a year, the number of individual workers employed as result of Rhode Island energy efficiency programs funded by National Grid is far greater that the total number of FTEs. The vast majority of the jobs created

¹ National Grid Rhode Island Energy Efficiency report, Fourth Quarter 2017, February 8, 2018

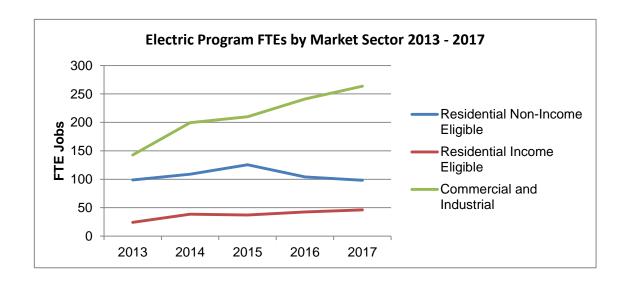


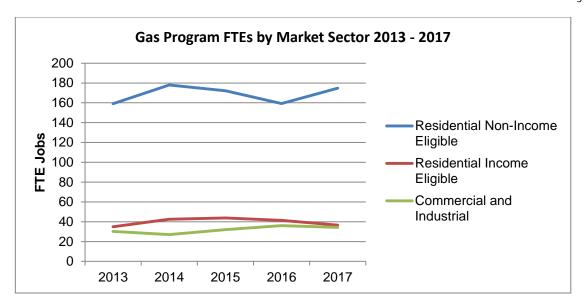
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as a result of energy efficiency investments were local because they were tied to installation of equipment and other materials.

Successful delivery of the 2017 energy efficiency programs to National Grid's customers has required the active involvement of a broad range of workers associated with a diverse set of businesses. Workers were employed in energy program design, management and delivery. Participating employers included program design consultants, energy program management specialists, marketing and advertising specialists, equipment manufacturers and suppliers, equipment and appliance retailers, architectural firms and developers, engineers and energy analysts, installation companies and independent contractors, plumbers and electricians, quality assurance inspection companies, utility rebate processing houses, waste material recyclers, and program evaluators, as well as National Grid. In addition, six Community Action Program agencies under contract to the state Department of Human Services delivered low-income energy efficiency services co-funded by National Grid and the federal Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).

National Grid's programs and delivery strategies were substantively the same in 2017 as they had been in 2016, with some minor adjustments and reallocations. That said, there were material changes, up and down, in 2017 to total numbers of jobs resulting from National Grid programs targeting individual market sectors (residential, residential income eligible, and commercial and industrial). The following charts show changes to and relative contributions of the gas and electric programs by market sector to total FTE jobs identified.





Specifically, with regards to residential programs, electric program FTEs associated with program delivery declined slightly while natural gas program FTEs increased. Reductions in electric program FTEs are attributable to reduced installation of replacement oil heating systems, while gas program increases are attributable to increased numbers of weatherization projects and high efficiency heating system installations in gas heated homes. For income eligible single and multifamily residential programs, the total FTE's remained more or less the same as in 2016. Finally, for commercial and industrial retrofit programs, FTE totals associated with electric programs increased significantly, driven largely by continued conversion of all lighting sources to LED technology, while FTEs associated with the delivery of gas programs remained about the same.

Peregrine's analysis for 2017 identifies 917 companies and agencies involved in National Grid's Rhode Island programs, approximately 79% of which had Rhode Island business addresses. A list of companies involved in the 2017 Rhode Island energy efficiency programs, organized by business address, is provided at the end of this report.

These findings for 2017 confirm that, in addition to the energy savings that program participants realize, job creation remains a significant and growing benefit that National Grid's investments in energy efficiency contribute to Rhode Island's economy and directly to the Rhode Island business owners and their employees that deliver these programs and services.

Introduction

As mandated by and with the formal approval of the State of Rhode Island, National Grid provides and funds a state-approved portfolio of energy efficiency programs and services to all market sectors it serves in Rhode Island. The Rhode Island energy efficiency programs focus on both new construction and retrofit of existing buildings. These programs deliver cost-effective services and energy savings to building owners and tenants, to all-income residential customers residing in single family and multifamily buildings, to government and non-profit institutions, to small and large commercial businesses, and to manufacturers.

Overall, the 2017 program offerings and budgets have been similar to those in 2016, with some modest adjustments based on emerging opportunities and learnings. In 2017, National Grid spent a total of \$117,525,163 on electric and gas energy efficiency programs in Rhode Island. These programs created 232,061 megawatt hours (Mwh) of electricity savings and 468,211 million British thermal units (MMBtus) of natural gas savings.

Job creation is not a formal goal of National Grid's energy efficiency programs and services. However, employment directly associated with National Grid programs is a significant additional economic benefit that investments in energy efficiency contribute to Rhode Island and to participating businesses. Peregrine Energy Group, Inc. (Peregrine) has prepared this study of the job impacts of National Grid's energy efficiency programs and services delivered in 2017 to Rhode Island electricity and natural gas customers. This is the fifth year Peregrine has conducted this analysis. This study meets the requirements of General Law 39-2-1.2, enacted by the Rhode Island General Assembly in 2012.

Peregrine's research objective has been, again, to count or otherwise estimate the number of jobs directly attributable to National Grid's 2017 energy efficiency programs. Unlike energy savings resulting from National Grid's energy efficiency programs that are predicted, analyzed, measured, and recorded, job impacts from energy efficiency spending are tracked, if they are tracked at all, as labor expense. Number and types of employees engaged, be they full-time or part-time, and number of hours worked to deliver programs and services are not captured and reported, except by employers themselves for payroll and business planning purposes. For this reason, calculating job impacts from the outside looking in can be more art than science.

As in previous years, Peregrine has endeavored to "follow the money" and find and count the full-time equivalent (FTE) employees engaged in all aspects of National Grid's energy efficiency programs. In many instances, if not most, each FTE attributable to a National Grid program represents the actual part-time labors of many individuals who are employed not only in delivery of National Grid programs in Rhode Island but also in other endeavors. Peregrine assumes that one FTE, regardless of job type or responsibilities, equals for purposes of this study

1,760 work hours, or the equivalent of one person working 8 hours a day for 220 work days in an average year.

As has been the case with prior years' studies, this year's study findings were developed through direct interviews with employers and through analysis of installed energy efficiency improvements that had been documented by National Grid. Peregrine interviewed managrs at energy services companies, equipment vendors, and contractors identified by National Grid for Peregrine or identified as sub-contractors by companies that Peregrine interviewed. These companies voluntarily shared information on how they staff their contracts and services. In some cases, they researched payroll records to provide payroll hours and FTE counts. Where possible, the study cites the companies that provided information to Peregrine.

Peregrine also completed a detailed review of National Grid's records of all energy efficiency measures installed in homes, apartment buildings, businesses and industrial facilities throughout Rhode Island in 2017. Peregrine then calculated typical or average labor hours required for each installed energy savings measure, based on industry standards and discussions with the contractors themselves and other experts. Peregrine has extrapolated and calculated total FTE employment from project expenditures and counts of installed measures that were reported to and by National Grid, labor rates or time required for each installation, and a standard 1,760 hours per FTE.

The report is divided into four primary sections:

- 1. An Efficiency Workforce Overview that describes the types of companies and workers engaged in providing efficiency program-related services and support in Rhode Island
- 2. The Delivery Approach used for individual programs
- Summary Counts of FTEs with observations on their significance, with discussion of any yearto-year changes in job impacts attributable to National Grid investments comparing 2017 to previous years' study results.
- 4. Attachments describing Peregrine's methodology in more detail, providing Peregrine's interview guide, and listing specific companies that supplied the workforce.

Efficiency Workforce Overview

Peregrine recognizes two main categories of employers/employees that participate in the delivery of National Grid's energy efficiency programs. These categories are:

 "Program Support Service Providers" that are employers and employees involved in program planning / administration, marketing, rebate processing, and evaluation and market research. "Direct Service Providers" who are responsible for sales, technical assistance and training, and for supplying and installing approved efficiency measures that National Grid promotes and encourages with incentives and rebates.

Program Support Service Providers

The Program Support Services category includes:

- Companies engaged by National Grid to provide marketing, outreach, public information, and other related support services, including media placement and design of collateral marketing materials;
- Specialized firms processing and paying out rebates offered for purchase and installation of install high efficiency equipment; and
- Evaluators of the overall performance of National Grid programs against annual goals and the cost-effectiveness of specific programmatic strategies.

National Grid Employees

Program Support Services category includes all National Grid staff engaged in energy efficiency program design, regulatory matters, administrative management of contractors, marketing, and evaluation. Information provided by National Grid for 2017 identified 76,969 person-hours of time associated with Rhode Island energy efficiency program activities, equal to 38.2 FTEs, down slightly from 2016. Peregrine is reporting all National Grid FTEs as a separate category for purposes of this study and not allocating them to specific programs or groups of programs.

Support Services Contractors

Peregrine interviewed the majority of lead vendors who supported National Grid in these activities to obtain information on their roles and responsibilities in program delivery as well as FTE counts. Often, these FTEs represented the aggregation of small numbers of hours by many employees. In some instances, this was because a contractor's role may have been limited in duration and/or required contributions from a multi-disciplinary team. In other instances, it was because a vendor team with the multi-disciplinary capabilities necessary to provide effective program support, will, for reasons of cost effectiveness, deliver similar services to National Grid in multiple states, including Rhode Island; or the team supports National Grid and one or more other utility companies.

Depending on the nature of the services the vendor provided and whether the support provided could be associated with specific programs, labor hours and FTEs of Support Services Contractors were allocated across the three major program sectors (Residential, Income Eligible Residential, Commercial and Industrial), consistent with the ratios of actual 2017 gas and

electric program expenditures by program sector, or were allocated to a specific program sector.

Program Planners and Administrators

Vermont Energy Investment Corporation (VEIC) and its partners Optimal Energy (Optimal) and Energy Futures Group (EFG) continued to serve as the primary consultants to Rhode Island's Energy Efficiency and Resource Management Council (RI EERMC) in 2017. This team assisted with ongoing program planning and refinement, provided guidance for spending of Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI) funds for efficiency, and helped with oversight of programs offered by National Grid.

The distribution of effort on a budgeted basis by these firms in 2017 was 40% by Optimal, 38% by VEIC, and 15% by EFG. The remainder of the budget was used for additional technical assistance from two smaller firms, as well as attorney costs for filings with regulators and a website developer. Over the course of the year, thirteen staff from the primary consultant organizations, most of them market sector specialists, as well as five other supporting consultants provided services, equal to approximately 2.5 FTEs of time. Most of these firms were concurrently working in Massachusetts, providing similar support and services for energy efficiency program design and oversight of utility programming there.

Marketers

National Grid's energy efficiency marketing and advertising spend for Rhode Island in 2017 was just over \$4,997,870, equal to nearly 5% of the total Rhode Island energy efficiency expenditure. Most of marketing budget spend was for media message placement, printing and direct mailing, and electronic communications.

Energy Efficiency marketing was expanded in 2017 with significant increases in advertising, additional diversification of media used, and new approaches to affect customer behaviors and secure their participation in program offerings. National Grid expanded "native advertising" that included actionable advice for customers, more aggressive targeting, and new messaging that reflected customer interests and concerns. As a result of these efforts, National Grid's commercial and industrial and residential programs had the highest customer awareness scores in 2017 that had ever been measured

Kelliher Samets Volk (KSV), a Vermont-based, regional marketing firm specializing in the utility sector, continued as National Grid's primary marketing consultant for both energy efficiency and other customer communications regarding storm outages, billing, and safety. Additional firms that provided energy efficiency marketing support for Rhode Island in 2017 included Oracle America, Inc., Innerworkings Inc., Questline Inc., and Ideas Agency Inc., among others. KSV collaborated and coordinated with Direct Service Providers to help them maintain and regulate

demand for program services. In addition to coordinating its own media placement, web-based initiatives, social media campaigns, and phone messaging with activities of other specialized marketing firms engaged by National Grid, KSV's role included developing marketing strategies and designing targeted brand marketing campaigns directed at residential, commercial and industrial customer segments. Campaigns targeted trade allies and other implementers to encourage them to use National Grid incentives and product discounts National Grid had secured to expand their business with National Grid customers.

Marketers took on a variety of specific assignments to increase general energy efficiency awareness, connect specific customer segments and sub-segments to programs and services, and engage and promote trade allies. They sent out mailings to customers and trade allies, provided telemarketing services, and disseminated emails. KSV coordinated marketing activities with National Grid's program delivery contractors to help them maintain and regulate demand for program services.

While KSV 2017 hours for energy efficiency marketing equaled only 3.1 FTEs, as many as thirty individuals at the firm touched the Rhode Island account in one way or another, including: brand and project managers; creative, art, and media directors; media and brand strategists; media buyers; a production designer, video producer, and copywriters; and the KSV executive leadership team. As in 2016, ten KSV staffers accounted for 80% of the total hours billed to Rhode Island in 2017. Among these was a three-quarter (0.75 FTE) time Senior Brand Manager based in Little Compton who focused on trade ally relationships.

Marketing FTEs calculated for Rhode Island totaled 3.9 FTEs, included the efforts of all marketing firms engaged by National Grid. Marketing FTEs have been allocated across all program sectors, consistent with the ratios of actual 2017 gas and electric program expenditures.

Rebate Processors

National Grid contacted with two firms in 2017, Blackhawk Engagement Solutions, now doing business as Hawk Incentives (Hawk), based in Texas, and Energy Federation, Inc. (EFI), based in Westborough, Massachusetts, to process rebates and incentives offered to program participants. Program participants include consumers, i.e. National Grid customers, who purchase targeted products and then apply for rebates. That said, increasingly, National Grid is offering instant rebates though point-of-sale efficiency initiatives, also called "upstream programs," described in detail in the Delivery Approach discussion below. Rebate processors also coordinate payments to equipment distributors and suppliers who support the point-of-sale programs and to equipment installers who convince customers to install a more energy efficient product.

Hawk processed incentives offered by National Grid for purchase of preferred energy efficient products installed under residential heating programs (Gas High Efficiency Heating Equipment

Rebate and Programmable & WI-FI Thermostat Offer), commercial heating programs (Commercial Kitchen Equipment Incentive and Commercial High Efficiency Heating Equipment Incentive), and the Rhode Island hot water and cooling programs (Cooling Rebate Offer and Heat Pump Hot Water Heater). Hawk scanned, data-entered, and validated rebate applications, processed payments, and cut and mailed checks. The staffing roles required included a senior manager, account management, data entry operators, quality assurance specialists, customer service, reward fulfillment staffing, and IT support. All told, Hawk required approximately 1.7 FTEs to service Rhode Island programs. Hawk also supports National Grid programs in other states and other utility clients nationwide.

EFI provided rebate processing for programs provided by National Grid in both Massachusetts and Rhode Island, with Rhode Island accounting for about 20% of the total workforce hours for this effort. Initiatives supported included Connected Solutions Demand Response, Upstream circulator pump programs, ENERGY STAR® Appliances, and ENERGY STAR® Lighting. Supporting the ENERGY STAR® Lighting program was far and away EFI's largest rebate processing effort for National Grid. Working closely with Lockheed Martin which managed ENERGY STAR® Lighting, EFI reimbursed manufacturers and others for point-of-sale discounts provided to residential customers. Rhode Island's share of the combined incentive processing operation for the two states was about 0.4 FTEs.

Evaluators

Contracted firms specializing in utility program evaluation included Navigant Consulting, Inc. DNVGL, NMR Group Inc., Illume Advising, Tetra Tech MA Inc., Opinion Dynamics Corporation, and others. Generally, outside evaluator time is attributable to specific programs serving specific market sectors. Peregrine adds the FTEs associated with those hours to individual market sector FTE totals or allocates them across gas and electric market sectors based, depending on the specific evaluation work completed. Peregrine calculated 10 FTEs associated with evaluator activity in 2017, up from 4 FTEs in 2016. This increase was proportionate to the increase in National Grid's evaluation spending in 2017, compared to 2016.

Direct Service Providers

The Direct Service Providers are specialized firms, sometimes directly under contract to National Grid, that promote and deliver the Rhode Island energy efficiency programs, contribute engineering and other technical support, and supply and install energy saving equipment.

This category includes, but is not limited to:

- National Grid account managers. National Grid staff provides outreach and direct technical assistance to customers, particularly for large commercial and industrial retrofits, and new construction.²
- Energy services companies specializing in providing field services and installation program management. National Grid has contracts with such firms to deliver individual programs to particular market sectors. In this capacity, they will often provide a "turnkey" service that includes: outreach and intake of customer requests; scheduling site visits; technical assistance; engineering; material and equipment installations; referrals to and engagements with trades people; administration, management and supervisions; warehouse materials purchasing and handling; quality assurance inspections; bookkeeping; and data entry and tracking.
- **Energy services companies specializing in logistical management and support.** These firms engage, manage, and coordinate product suppliers and distributors, retail store offerings, and service networks.
- Electrical and mechanical engineers employed by contracted consulting firms. National Grid assigns and dispatches these technical specialists to identify potential projects in customer facilities, quantify potential costs and savings, recommend actions that customers should take, and perform post-installation inspections to ensure that installed measures are performing as intended.
- Equipment suppliers. National Grid encourages suppliers throughout the Rhode Island service territory to market and sell targeted energy efficient equipment and approved materials directly to National Grid customers and installation contractors. Many of these suppliers participate in National Grid-sponsored "upstream" point-of-sale programs offering instant rebates.
- Independent installation contractors. These independent contractors, often licensed electricians and plumbers, but with other specialties as well such as weatherization, are the "feet-on-the ground" installing energy efficient equipment and approved materials for National Grid customers. Many of these installation contractors are active in more than one market sector, often as subcontractors to National Grid-designated Program leads, but also, increasingly, as self-directed installation vendors.

² As noted above in the National Grid description under Program Support Services, all National Grid FTEs are reported together in a separate category for purposes of this study and not allocated to specific programs or groups of programs.

Quality assurance inspectors. National Grid also contracts with inspectors that are
independent of service delivery contractors who are responsible for installing equipment.
The inspectors check a sample of completed installations or a sample of energy efficient
equipment acquired by point-of-sale purchasers to ensure that program standards are being
met, equipment is installed properly, that projected savings will likely be realized.

The role and contributions of Direct Service Providers is described in detail in the next section.

Energy Efficiency Program Delivery

National Grid designed and implemented multiple, targeted energy efficiency program delivery strategies for Rhode Island in 2017. Programs designed for each market reflect the differences in the buying habits, drivers, and technical and financial resources of each market sector (residential, residential income-eligible, commercial and industrial) and their sub-sectors. Delivery strategies will vary with fuel type (i.e. electric vs. natural gas customers), characteristics of different customer rate classes, cost and benefits to customers of different end-use technologies, and whether a program's objective is to affect energy efficiency in current operations or future energy use in new construction.

While most program strategies have remained relatively constant from 2016 to 2017, individual programs have been adjusted and tweaked in response to emerging technology, market opportunities, and observed results. Strategies that National Grid has found to be particularly successful have been expanded to additional markets and technologies. For example, point-of-purchase incentives featured in Upstream Lighting have been expanded to HVAC and pumping. Also, the more open participation by contractors in the Large Commercial Retrofit program is now a significant element of the Small Business program through the Customer Directed Option or CDO.

This section describes how National Grid delivered specific electric and gas energy efficiency programs and services in 2017 and who was responsible for program delivery.

Residential Programs

In 2017, National Grid's residential programs continued to offer a range of services and incentives to encourage residential electric and natural gas customers, be they owners or tenants, to install energy efficient equipment and materials and to operate their homes with energy efficiency in mind. Electric programs targeted all customers who used electricity, and also provided weatherization services for customers living in homes heated by electricity-powered equipment or by delivered liquid fuels (propane and fuel oil) or wood. Gas programs provided weatherization and heating system replacement support to customers d with natural gas heat.

Program services included home energy audits with installation of low-cost materials, facilitation of full weatherization (insulation and air sealing), heating system replacement with high efficiency natural gas-fired equipment, rebates through National Grid-sponsored market channels to encourage purchase of high efficiency appliances and lighting, and a number of behavioral modification initiatives. Programs sought energy use reductions by all residential customers, regardless of income level, living in single-family dwellings, 2 to 4 unit buildings, and larger multi-family residences of 5 to 20 units and 20 units or greater.

Getting customers' attention and ensuring they follow through on recommended energy saving opportunities are among the greatest challenges National Grid faces in providing programs and services to the diverse residential customers across Rhode Island. To address these challenges, National Grid's residential programs have been designed as a suite of market interventions that use mass-marketing, branding, multiple messaging, and targeted follow-up to deliver services at scale and achieve annual savings goals.

Large energy services companies who specialize in supporting utility energy efficiency initiatives are under contract to manage and deliver individual programs. The energy service company's role is, typically, to engage a wide range of players, including both buyers and sellers of energy efficiency products and services, who are needed to make a residential sector sub-market work. The company then brings these players together, provides education, training, and technical support, and facilitates investments that result in energy use reduction.

The focus of residential programs in 2017 continued to be building weatherization and heating system replacement, conversion of residential lighting to LED technology, encouraging purchase of energy efficient appliances and equipment, and promoting and facilitating more energy efficient new construction. National Grid staff described 2017 as a "strong year" for programs, which achieved most goals and significantly exceed many³. Marketing budgets were held steady and some financial incentive levels were increased. New outreach and sales strategies were tested, including pop-up retail in shopping malls, using Amazon and other online retailers as a source of product (e.g. wifi thermostats), adding products to upstream programs.

Delivery information on each program is detailed below.

EnergyWise Single Family (gas and electric)

In 2017, EnergyWise provided residential customers living in single-family homes (defined as 1 to 4-unit buildings) with a comprehensive energy assessment of energy use and building-specific recommendations for actions to take to increase home energy efficiency.

- Participants received technical assistance to identify how and where to improve building insulation and whether to replace appliances, heating systems, and thermostats with high efficiency models.
- As part of the energy assessment, field staff installed energy efficient lighting, low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators and smart power strips.
- They also wrote work orders for weatherization services (insulation and air sealing) by insulation contractors and for new high efficiency heating and hot water system installations

Peregrine Energy Group

³ Interview with National Grid Residential Lead Analyst Angela Li, February 16, 2018.

- by plumbing and heating contractors, if warranted. EnergyWise would pay a significant portion of the cost of weatherization and/or a qualifying replacement heating system.
- After the installation of insulation and heating equipment, quality assurance inspections were provided to confirm that equipment was installed properly.
- The program continued to offer the Rhode Island Heat Loan, which provides 0% interest financing to eligible single-family customers to support the adoption of recommendations made during the assessment.

Delivery:

For 2017, National Grid again contracted with RISE Engineering, based in Cranston, Rhode Island, to manage and deliver the EnergyWise Single Family program. The number of RISE employees involved in the program in 2017 totaled 54.5 FTEs, up slightly from the prior year. Staff had a wide range of program roles: program managers, office and field staff supervisors, field auditors, field installers and technicians, field inspectors, intake staff and schedulers, warehouse and material management staff, electricians, quality assurance / quality control inspectors, database management, and accounting and contract oversight personnel.

RISE reported that the number of individual residential energy assessments performed through the EnergyWise Single Family program declined by 15% from 9,522 in 2016 to 8,041 in 2017, reflecting a big dip in spring/summer demand.⁴ RISE had again sub-contracted for some 200 assessments and related installations to Ocean State Energy Audits in 2017, amounting to 0.7 FTEs.⁵

While 2017 audit totals decreased from 2016, completed building weatherization projects (i.e. insulation and air sealing) increased from 2,674 in 2016 to 2,732 in 2017. More significant, the ratio of weatherization projects completed to assessments performed improved by 18%, improving from one weatherization project per 3.56 assessments in 2016 to one weatherization project per 2.94 assessments in 2017. RISE attributed this significant increase in the ratio of projects completed to assessments performed to a number of procedural improvements adopted by the company⁷. These included system software updates and programming improvements that generated "reminders" to staff to re-contact customers about weatherization recommendations and work orders, resulting in higher rates of customer follow-

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⁴ Peregrine interview with Brian Kearny of RISE Engineering, February 23, 2018

⁵ Ocean State Energy Audits also provides audits for income-eligible National Grid customers on a subcontracted basis for RI Community Action Agencies.

⁶ RISE provided its internal tracking data for all work performed in 2017. These numbers may differ from what is included in the National Grid 2017 Annual Report due to timing of when projects were invoiced and paid.

⁷ Peregrine interview with Brian Kearny of RISE Engineering, February 23, 2018

through. RISE reported significant investment of internal time by its Database Administrator and external hours by a consulting Systems Programmer in 2016/2017 to create this capability⁷. Follow-up by staff would address customers' individual barriers to proceeding with weatherization to get them to more forward with a contractor.

26 independent insulation contractors, 17 of which were based in Rhode Island, installed the insulation and air-sealing materials recommended by RISE. Insulation crews were led by a BPI-certified crew chief. RISE received a program management fee for its services for this program that included a fee per audit, a fee per item installed by RISE staff, and a percentage mark-up (i.e. cost plus) on insulation work completed by contractors.

Independent heating contractors installed high efficiency heating system components, again using work orders generated by field auditors. 1,084 gas-fired boilers and furnaces were installed, some of which were oil to gas conversions. As part of EnergyWise Single Family, RISE helped customers to secure HEAT loans to finance the installation of these more efficient heating systems and hot water systems, as well as insulation upgrades. The HEAT Loan Program closed 388 loans for heating system replacements, of which 184 were oil to high efficiency gas system conversions. 12 electric heat pumps were also installed in 2017 as a result of program recommendations.

CMC Energy Services, Inc. provided 1,061 quality assurance (QA) inspections of a sample of EnergyWise Single Family residential customers served, up from 864 in 2016. QA addressed all phases of service delivery and included review of field auditors' performance, post-audit counts of installed measures, and post-weatherization site visits to confirm proper installation technique and customer satisfaction with results. A unified workforce of 21.5 field inspectors, five of whom resided in Rhode Island, conducted single family and multifamily residential QA visits, as well as commercial program inspections, in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, supported by schedulers and data entry staff. Approximately 2.6 FTEs of this team serviced National Grid's residential programs (single family and multifamily) in Rhode Island.

EnergyWise Multifamily (gas and electric)

In 2017, EnergyWise Multifamily continued to provide comprehensive energy services to multifamily customers in buildings with five or more units, including energy assessments, incentives for heating and domestic hot water systems, cooling equipment, lighting, and appliances. These same services were available to both market rate and income-eligible multifamily properties. A designated primary point-of-contact managed and coordinated

⁸ Source: CMC Energy Services, Inc.



⁷ Peregrine interview with Vin Graziano, President of RISE Engineering, April 12, 2018

services offered across a portfolio of National Grid programs, including EnergyWise Multifamily, Commercial Multi-family, Income Eligible Services (i.e. Low Income) for Multi-family Buildings.

Delivery:

RISE Engineering managed the EnergyWise Multifamily Program for National Grid. RISE staff included the Multi-family Operations Manager, a technical services director, field coordinators, field auditors, warehouse materials handlers, and project intake and coordination staff. In 2017, RISE added 15 additional new multifamily installers, of whom 7.5 FTEs worked on Rhode Island programs, to do select installations in 5 – 20 unit multifamily buildings.

This RISE staff also was responsible for servicing the Commercial Multifamily Program that served centrally metered properties and providing the Income-Eligible Multifamily Program described below. RISE had a combined 25 FTEs working on multifamily programs.⁹

RISE engagements in this sector resulted in a total of 15,166 units (11,279 income-eligible and 3,887 market rate units) participating in the program in 2017, compared to 5,501 income-eligible and 5,901 market rate units in 2016. Market rate units were in 57 apartment sites and 86 condominium complexes. Income-eligible units were at 76 different sites.

RISE staff served as project managers for retrofit projects, meeting with building facility managers, making presentations to condominium boards and owners, and writing work orders and scopes of work (e.g. for air sealing, attic insulation, lighting fixtures, hot water systems and boiler resets, and even replacement refrigerators from retailers for low-income residents). RISE assigned weatherization, electrical, and plumbing installation work to 30 sub-contractor companies for 5-20 unit buildings. For larger buildings over 20 units, work was competitively bid out to independent contractors who installed weatherization materials (insulation and air sealing) and electrical equipment. This program was coordinated with the Commercial Multifamily program for gas heating systems in centrally gas-metered buildings.

As noted earlier in the description of the EnergyWise Single Family program, National Grid engaged CMC Energy Services to perform independent quality assurance checks on multifamily services.

¹⁰ Source: RISE Engineering Multifamily Program Director



⁹ Source: RISE Engineering

Residential New Construction (gas and electric)

The Residential New Construction program promoted the construction of high-performing energy efficient single family, multifamily, and low-income homes in both 1 to 4 unit buildings and multifamily buildings up to five stories. To that end, it educated builders, developers, housing agencies, tradesmen, designers, and code officials regarding the construction requirements, performance benefits, and costs for such buildings. Changes driven by the Residential New Construction program improve lifecycle energy performance. This is primarily attributable to better materials selection and improved construction methods. Builders say that the incremental cost of these enhancements are more than offset by faster home sales and fewer call backs to address owner concerns.

In 2013, the program had adopted a performance-based tier structure with corresponding financial incentives and began to capture savings from the Renovation/Rehabilitation and Deep Energy Retrofit offerings. This continued in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017, with additional incentives being offered, but with increases in performance verification as well. Incentives paid were based on the percentage of improvement over an established baseline.

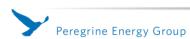
Program performance in 2017 exceeded performance in 2016 according to National Grid. The number of customer homes increased by 29 %. 680 units of housing and homes received Home Energy Rating System (HERS) ratings, the highest number to date in the history of the program, up from 526 the year before. ¹¹ 399 of these units rated in 2017 were multifamily housing units, up from 351 in 2016. The increase in multi-family units was due to increased participation of larger multi-unit properties in the program. The program team continued to bring new builders and developers into the Residential New Construction program in 2017, continuing National Grid's success with market transformation. The availability of better heat pumps continued to drive an increase in the number of electrically heated homes that met program guidelines.

Delivery:

National Grid continued to contract with CLEAResult to deliver the Residential New Construction program in 2017. CLEAResult had purchased Conservation Services Group (CSG), based in Westborough, Massachusetts, in mid-2015. CSG has delivered this program since 1998.

Total program staffing for Rhode Island totaled four (4) FTEs. CLEAResult provided program management, data management, and administrative support to this program out of its Westborough, Massachusetts, office, with three staff equal to one FTE. Three full-time staff, a field manager and two project managers based in East Greenwich (Warwick), Rhode Island,

¹¹ Source: CLEAResult



provided field support and project management services for individual projects. Field personnel provided trainings and reviewed plans submitted by builders and developers. A continued emphasis has been to try to reach out to all Rhode Island builders to continue to expand the impacts of the program statewide. Field staff also modeled proposed buildings and completed inspections that verified and certified that construction practices for participating buildings receiving performance ratings.

With approval from National Grid, Peregrine has not included labor hours associated with any new construction affected by the program, beyond the hours for program implementation services provided by CLEAResult. While incentives offered by National Grid influence the installation of more efficient materials and products in a new home, such installations do not substantially increase total labor hours. The labor needed to construct a high-efficiency home is more or less the same as for buildings that meet current code requirements. In addition, these new homes would likely have been built without the intervention and support of the program, even though they would not achieve the same standards for efficiency in their design and function. Therefore, no construction labor component is counted for purposes of this study.

Residential Codes and Standards Initiative

The Codes and Standards Initiative has been the complement to the New Construction program, providing information, training, and technical support to the construction / design community and to code officials in municipalities to increase code compliance. National Grid's goal has also been to promote advanced and stretch codes like the Rhode Island Green Construction Code so that new construction is mandated to meet higher standards for energy efficiency performance.

The Rhode Island Building Commission had anticipated adopting a new energy code in 2016, but the Office of Regulatory Reform requested that all sections of the building code undergo an economic analysis. This has resulted in a delay in adoption of the new energy code. While the energy code was reviewed first and successfully passed the economic test, review of the remainder of the code remains ongoing, was not completed in 2017, and now is projected for formal adoption in 2018. National Grid had planned to support trainings concerning the new energy code in 2017, but that effort was put off until the code is fully adopted. Instead, training in 2017 continued to focus on areas of the existing code where compliance has been most problematic.¹²

¹² Source: CLEAResult



Delivery:

National Grid contracted with CLEAResult in 2017 to lead this initiative in parallel with the Residential New Construction program it also manages. Altogether, staffing, including the program manager, a trainer/technical support specialist, and a logistics and administrative coordinator totaled one (1) FTE for Rhode Island. CLEAResult coordinated and conducted 15 residential trainings in 2017, lasting from 1.5 to 3 hours and targeting HVAC contractors, architects, builders, and code enforcement officials. In addition, trainers delivered nine commercial classroom trainings. Two subcontractors assisted with these trainings: Energy Resource Solutions from Andover, Massachusetts, and Steven Turner, Inc. from Providence, Rhode Island. CLEAResult also fielded circuit riders to provide on-site technical assistance to developers and municipalities as needed.

Residential Home Energy Report Program (gas and electric)

National Grid began offering Home Energy Reports (HER) to all residential customers in April 2013 as the first statewide behavioral program in the country and has continued the program through 2017. The Rhode Island HER program uses historical energy usage benchmarking and social comparisons to encourage energy efficient behaviors by residential customers.

The program provides emailed reports to customers 12 times per year and mailed reports six times per year containing customer-personalized energy usage information, recommendations, and links to National Grid's other residential energy efficiency programs and services. For each mailing cycle in 2017, these data-driven, software-generated reports were sent to, on average, 283,526 residential electric and 128,835 residential gas National Grid customers in Rhode Island. The goal of reports has been to generate actual energy savings by providing "tips" for reducing energy use as well as to increase demand for and participation in other residential programs offered by National Grid. In 2017, the program expanded, providing High Bill Alerts each billing cycle to 100,000 to 150,000 customers whose monthly usage exceeded expected consumption based on modeled norms.

Delivery:

In mid-2016, Oracle Utilities, a division of Oracle America with offices in Arlington, Virginia, purchased OPower, which had originally developed the Rhode Island HER program, using proprietary behavioral analysis and energy audit software. A Northeast team, composed of six individuals, manages accounts and optimizes delivery services to clients in Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and New York. Oracle's HER service group continues to be staffed with

¹³ Source: CLEAResult



behavioral scientists, marketing experts, engineers, and software product developers, with support staff, operating in cross-functional teams to develop and deliver Home Energy Reports across the U.S. Comparing program participants to a control group, Oracle estimates that their reports result in a 10% – 20% lift in program participation.¹⁴

Residential Community Based Initiatives (gas and electric)

Rhode Island Energy Challenge has been multi-year series of local marketing initiatives that have leveraged trusted community-based relationships in order to promote National Grid's residential energy efficiency programs in targeted communities. Community-based initiatives resemble political campaigns that are trying to get out the vote. As in past years, community-specific goals were established. Participating communities established Energy Committees made up of volunteers that would continue to serve a local champions for energy efficiency after the campaign ended. In 2017, the Challenge targeted the communities of Richmond, Cumberland, and North Kingston. While in past years, the emphasis was primarily on encouraging changes in everyday behaviors to reduce energy use while increasing awareness of National Grid programs and services, in 2017, there was a shift to quantifying increased participation in the EnergyWise Single Family program resulting from these community-based efforts. By the end of the year, 1,300 residents had signed up for EnergyWise building assessments, 20% more than the average of the three prior years. Each participating community received a \$10,000 reward from National Grid for achieving its campaign goal.

Delivery:

National Grid once again contracted with Connecticut-based Smart Power to coordinate the Rhode Island Energy Challenge. Smart Power runs similar community challenges elsewhere in the United States, working with utilities, state government, and the U.S. Department of Energy. In Rhode Island, the program had two community outreach managers who worked with individual communities, and it received additional logistical support from other Smart Power staff. FTEs totaled around 1.3 staff¹⁵.

ENERGY STAR® Lighting (electric)

ENERGY STAR® Lighting is an "upstream" or "point-of-purchase" initiative implemented jointly with other regional utilities. The program's approach is to have retailers discount lighting products that National Grid would like residential customers to purchase, providing instant rebates and special promotions at retail stores. A mail-order catalog and online store are also

¹⁵ Source: Smart Power



¹⁴ Source: Oracle Utilities

available to customers for lighting purchasing.

LED lighting is at the center of this program, displacing both traditional incandescent lights and the compact fluorescent lights that dominated screw-in incandescent lighting replacement in recent years. By bringing the cost of these highly efficient and long-lasting LED lamps in line with incandescent lamps at the check-out line, the program has accelerated the transformation of this market. According to National Grid, the price of LEDs reached \$1 per bulb in 2017, with savings from new sales achieving 130% of goal. RISE reported that EnergyWise Single Family Program installers found it increasingly difficult to find locations to install free LEDs because participants had already purchased and installed them. Meanwhile, discounted LED products were being placed at an increasing number of smaller, independently owned, retail outlets in 2017, in addition to the major chains and big box stores that were early program participants.

Delivery:

Lockheed Martin Services, with an office in Marlborough, Massachusetts, again supported the residential consumer lighting initiative in 2017, providing direct outreach and education to both product retailers and manufacturers. Lockheed works with corporate decision makers to enlist new retailers into the program. They have monthly calls with corporate trade allies and manufacturers to facilitate getting new products to retailers and assist retailers with design and set up of displays and signage in stores.

Staffing in 2017 included two full-time Rhode Island-based field representatives and a quarter-time School Funding Coordinator. Field staff worked with retailers statewide, providing product information, training them to upsell to more efficient products, offering staff events, conducting in-store surveys and point-of-sale promotions, and helping organize school-based lighting product and power strip purchasing and distribution.

As noted earlier in this report, Massachusetts-based Energy Federation, Inc. (EFI) processed incentive payments to retailers and manufacturers that provided point-of-purchase discounts for lighting. EFI also provided a product catalogue and online store for National Grid and other regional utilities to promote and supply qualified products and to provide technical assistance to customers. This fulfillment function employed a manager, required a call center that took orders, and included warehouse personnel serving orders from Rhode Island customers, customers from elsewhere in New England, and nation-wide.

With respect to job impacts of the program, while the numbers of both participating Lockheed Martin and EFI staff are counted by Peregrine, retail outlet employees are not included in study counts since the stocking and sale of discounted LED products had no discernible incremental effect on store employment.

ENERGY STAR® Appliances (electric)

In 2017, ENERGY STAR® Appliances was again run in collaboration with other regional utilities to promote the purchase of high efficiency household appliances, including kitchen appliances, and electronics. These appliances carry an ENERGY STAR® label. The program also offered refrigerator and freezer recycling, which helped address a significant barrier to purchasing a more efficient appliance. This appliance disposal program also helped remove non-efficient units from the market (eliminating additional, older units in customer basements and garages), recycled appliance components, and captured and properly disposed of refrigerants.

Meanwhile, market transformation to more energy efficient appliances has accelerated and ENERGY STAR® has increasingly become the standard for new refrigerators. Incentives are lower compared to the cost for the next level of increased refrigerator efficiency available, and consumers are resistant to the higher purchase price. Additional utility incentives are not cost effective for many products, given the incremental savings they create. To secure additional appliance energy savings, National Grid ran a promotion in the fall, increasing refrigerator and freezer recycling incentives, that resulted in significant increases in appliance pick-ups for recycling.

Further, other consumer products like WIFI thermostats, Tier 2 Advanced Power Strips, energy efficient dehumidifiers, and pool pumps have proven to be applicable to this upstream, point-of-purchase strategy and volumes of these products sold increased in 2017.

Delivery:

As is the case with ENERGY STAR® Lighting, ENERGY STAR® Appliances is primarily a retail-store based initiative. And as was the case with ENERGY STAR® Lighting, retail outlet employees were not counted for this study since the sale of these products had no discernible incremental effect on store employment (i.e. it primarily resulted in different appliance choices by consumers). Again, as with ENERGY STAR® Lighting, Lockheed Martin Services engaged major retail outlets, providing the same support as for ENERGY STAR® Lighting. Lockheed Martin also subcontracted for disposal and recycling of replaced air conditioners and dehumidifiers.

National Grid and the other regional utilities contract with ARCA Recycling Inc. to recycle older refrigerators and freezers as part of the holistic strategy to encourage the purchase of energy efficient products. ARCA, operating in Franklin, Massachusetts, is responsible for refrigerator collection, dismemberment, and material recycling. In 2017, ARCA collected, transported, disassembled, and processed 5,578 refrigeration units from Rhode Island. The ARCA workforce included a Recycling Center Manager, 18 employees in transportation, and five warehouse employees who took apart and processed the collected appliances. ARCA estimated that 30% of the annual hours of this 24-person workforce were attributable to Rhode Island activity, based on volumes handled, equal to 7.2 FTEs.

ENERGY STAR® HVAC (gas and electric)

The Rhode Island Heating and Cooling program (formerly the High-Efficiency HVAC programs: *Gas Heat* [heating] and *CoolSmart* [cooling]) promotes the installation of high efficiency gas heating and electric cooling systems via tiered rebate levels for more efficient technologies including ductless mini-splits, heat pumps, heat pump water heaters, boilers, furnaces, Wi-Fi thermostats, boiler reset controls, and furnaces equipped with high efficiency fans. The program has provided in-depth contractor training for design, installation, and testing of high efficiency systems. Furthermore, the program provided quality installation verification training, ensuring that all equipment is properly sized, installed, sealed, and performing. In 2017, the high price point for condensing gas water heaters, their relatively low efficiency, and a lack of utility incentives for purchasing this equipment resulted in very little activity in this market. With respect to electric heating products, the volume of heat pump water heaters purchased and the installation of mini-splits providing both heating and cooling has increased.

Delivery:

Westborough, Massachusetts-based CLEAResult delivers this program, providing training, technical support, and marketing assistance to trade allies to promote electric mini-splits and higher efficiency water heating systems. Staffing associated with this program is quite modest. Lockheed Martin Services has also been involved in this program, promoting advanced thermostats and energy efficient water heaters to big box home improvement retailers.

In evaluating FTEs associated with the program, Peregrine counted the employees of vendors under direct contract to National Grid, but did not include labor associated with installation of this equipment, since it did not increase incrementally as a result of the Program.

Income Eligible Residential Programs

National Grid offers Income Eligible (low-income) programs to its electric and gas customers residing in single family (1-4 unit) dwellings and multifamily (5 or more unit) buildings or developments who are eligible for the Low Income Heating Assistance Program (LIHEAP). This target audience was already eligible to receive energy-related assistance through federal and state programs. National Grid's program strategy in this market is to support, complement, and leverage the resources and services provided by these other programs.

Specific 2017 Income Eligible Residential Programs included:

Income Eligible Single Family (gas and electric)

National Grid's Income Eligible Single Family program provides low-income customers in 1-4 unit buildings with home energy assessments, installation of energy efficient lighting, appliances,

heating systems, domestic hot water equipment, and weatherization measures. For many decades, energy services have been, and continue to be, provided to this market sector through local non-profit Community Action Program (CAP) agencies under contract to the Rhode Island Department of Human Services (DHS). These agencies deliver the federally funded Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) and the Low Income Heating Assistance Program (LIHEAP). These services are fuel-blind and available to income-qualified gas, oil, and electric heat customers as budgets allow. Six CAP agencies provide statewide coverage to Rhode Island residents.

With the participation of National Grid in energy efficiency services delivered by the CAP agencies to this market, WAP budgets have been significantly leveraged and energy efficient installations significantly expanded. In 2017, 35 full-time staff in the six CAP agencies provided weatherization-related services across Rhode Island. Under the Income Eligible Single Family program, CAP agencies provide three types of building audits: audits focused on lighting and appliances only that install lighting products; audits providing detailed recommendations and work orders for insulation contractors, heating system installers, and fans; and comprehensive audits that do both. BPI-certified auditors complete building assessments and work orders. Special AMP (Appliance Management Program) auditors install lights and refrigerator measures.

Delivery:

In July 2013, CLEAResult, working out of offices in Providence, Rhode Island, was selected by National Grid to manage its Income Eligible Single Family program and continued in that role through 2017 when it received a new multi-year contract. CLEAResult serves as the conduit for National Grid payments to the CAP agencies and works closely with the Rhode Island DHS staff to coordinate and optimize delivery of National Grid-funded services and traditional Weatherization Assistance. CLEAResult staffing included a program manager, an installation quality assurance / quality control inspector, and administrative support.

Under CLEAResults' management, productivity and quality of service delivery to low income residents has continuously improved. CLEAResult has expanded training for current auditors, increased quality control, and improved oversight of National Grid-funded services and installations delivered through CAP agencies. The result, according to CLEAResult is "more and better work than ever." Further, CLEAResult also has connected with Technical Schools in Rhode Island to recruit new, well-trained auditors for Community Action Program agencies.

In 2017, program participants included 700 gas customers and 3,886 electric (i.e. not-gas) customers, significantly exceeding participation goals. 16 2,581 AMP installations were provided,

¹⁶ Interview with Laura Rodormer, National Grid Lead Analyst, February 16, 2018

up slightly from 2016.¹⁷ CAP agencies delivering the combined National Grid program and WAP achieved weatherization (insulation and air sealing) installations for 584 National Grid gas customers and the installation of 200 high-efficiency, gas-fired heating systems. In addition, 25 electricity-heated homes and 419 oil- and propane-heated buildings received weatherization, and 271 received new oil heating systems.¹⁸

18 independent contractors are active in income-eligible weatherization, installing insulation and completed air sealing for the CAP agencies. Many of these contractors also are active in the EnergyWise Single Family program. Contractors are selected off a state-approved list and offer fixed pricing statewide for installed measures. Each agency had three to five insulation contractors it typically worked with. The CAP auditing staff inspects completed insulation work post-installation to ensure it was properly installed. 21 Heating system repair and replacement contractors are active in this market. Heating system upgrades are put out to bid to contractors, and heating contractors also are used for post-installation inspections. There are also two electrical contractors that are approved to repair and install bathroom fans to address humidity issues and to replace or disable antiquated knob and tube wiring (a code requirement that must be done for safety purposes before insulation can be installed in walls and ceilings).

ACTION, Inc., based in Massachusetts, manages the refrigerator replacement service provided to income eligible residential customers. This included product procurement, ordering, delivery, removal and disposing of old appliances, and conducting quality assurance surveys.

Income Eligible Multifamily (gas and electric)

Since 2013, National Grid has consolidated energy efficiency offerings for income eligible multifamily properties with five or more units into the EnergyWise Multifamily program. This suite of programs addresses both gas and electric opportunities. Comprehensive energy services available to these customers included energy assessments, incentives for heating and domestic hot water systems, cooling equipment, lighting and appliances. Services provided to incomeeligible and market rate units through EnergyWise Multifamily program are tracked separately.

Additionally, and in parallel, the Residential New Construction program works with Rhode Island Housing, local housing authorities, and developers of income-eligible housing to encourage construction of energy efficient properties.

¹⁷ Source: CLEAResult ¹⁸ Source: CLEAResult



Peregrine Energy Group

Delivery:

In conjunction with its delivery of EnergyWise Multifamily services, RISE Engineering, based in Cranston, Rhode Island, had primary responsibility for delivery and coordination of Income Eligible Multifamily services. RISE staff serve as project managers for retrofit projects, meeting with building facility managers and writing work orders and scopes of work (e.g. for air sealing, attic insulation, lighting fixtures, and even replacement refrigerators from retailers for low-income residents. Independent contractors installed weatherization materials (insulation and air sealing) and heating equipment components.

Support for energy efficient construction of new income-eligible units is provided by CLEAResult through the Residential New Construction program.

Commercial and Industrial Programs

In 2017, Commercial and Industrial (C&I) programs, gas and electric, continued to encourage installation contractors, both technology specialists and tradespeople, to take the lead in achieving National Grid's energy efficiency goals for large and small businesses. These C&I programs also target municipal facilities and large non-profit institutions (e.g. colleges and universities and healthcare facilities). At the same time, National Grid increasingly made use of "upstream" or "point-of sale" strategies, particularly for LED lighting, that discounted the purchase price of preferred, more energy efficient equipment to accelerate market transformation and replacement of older technology.

C&I programs differentiate between "prescriptive" and "custom" energy efficiency measures. Prescriptive measures, often lighting, qualify for pre-determined incentives or discounts from National Grid based on cost-effectiveness guidelines (e.g. hours of operation or equipment life). Custom or "comprehensive" measures are evaluated and approved for incentives based on actual total savings these often more complex measures are projected to produce. In particular, the Large Commercial and Industrial Retrofit program encourages customers and their installation contractors to incorporate or "bundle" a mix of shorter payback, more certain, energy savings measures and longer payback, more complex, energy savings measures into projects, providing enhanced incentives for more "comprehensive" or "deeper" efficiency improvement.

National Grid Senior Analyst Ben Rivers identified the following trends with respect to commercial and industrial programs targeting electricity use:

 The Upstream Lighting program, described below, with its strategy of bringing LED lighting to customers at discounted prices is cutting into customer participation in the Small Business Direct Install program and also opportunities for electrical contractors to develop comprehensive projects for large customers. Further, this growing availability of inexpensive, long-lasting LED lighting is anticipated to result in lighting market saturation before long, likely making it more difficult and expensive to achieve electricity savings in this market in the future.

- Participation by municipalities in energy efficiency initiatives is increasing, with conversion of streetlights to LED technology a continuing part of municipal energy reduction strategies.
- Customers continue to install more combined heat and power systems, finding applications for this technology in housing complexes, hotels, and smaller industrial facilities.
- More industrial process improvements are being identified and installed through targeted industrial services, and grocery stores are continuing to opt for improvements to energy efficiency in refrigeration and controls.
- An increasing number of three-year Strategic Energy Plans for large comprehensive retrofits are being negotiated with large organizations and institutions.

Over the past five years, the delivery of C&I offerings has become increasingly "market-based", compared to residential programs (though the Small Business program, described below, uses a preferred contractor to install energy conservation measures, primarily lighting, at a heavily subsidized cost to customers, in the same way EnergyWise does in the residential market).

C&I programs are largely structured to allow and encourage independent product and service providers to market and deliver services to National Grid customers, driving sales using incentives available to them from National Grid for purchase and installation of qualifying products. This strategy enables customers to work within existing contractor relationships to receive program incentives, and likewise allows contractors to work within existing customer relationships to identify opportunities for installing energy efficient equipment that National Grid wants to promote. It also meant that multiple vendors can compete for a customer's business, while assuring the customer that they could bring the same National Grid incentives. From both a jobs and a savings perspective, this has resulted in significantly increasing numbers of energy services businesses directly participating in National Grid programs and has created new and additional opportunities for diverse vendors to promote emerging energy efficient technology to new and existing clients.

Small Business Direct Install (electric)

In 2017, the Small Business Direct Install program continued to provide direct installation of prescriptive energy efficient lighting, non-lighting retrofit measures, and minor gas efficiency measures. Electric customers with average monthly demand of less than 200 kW were eligible to participate. While the program met its goal for the year due to some larger projects and continued to be driven by new opportunities to replace linear fluorescent lighting with new linear LED products, the number of participating customers has continued a downward trend.

This drop may reflect higher market saturation levels or the direct availability of discounted LED lighting to customers through the Upstream Lighting program.

Delivery:

The Direct Install program's lighting measures were delivered by RISE Engineering of Cranston, Rhode Island and sourced from one product vendor (Rexel, formerly Monro Distributing). Both RISE and Rexel were selected through a competitive bidding process.

There were 830 customers who participated in the Direct Install program in 2017, down from 1,111 customers in 2016 and from the 1,340 customers who participated in this program in 2015. 19 RISE provided turnkey installation services to this market, with annual goals, and accounted for just under 79% of customers served (down from 88% the year before) The remaining 21.5% of customers served was through the Customer Directed Option or "CDO", described below. CDO projects secured 27% of incentives provided through the Direct Install program, reflecting that these projects were larger on average than those completed by RISE.

RISE employees engaged in the Small Business program were responsible for marketing and lead generation as well as staffing an intake center that was responsible for pre-qualifying potential customers. RISE energy specialists performed field audits of customers' facilities, and data entry staff used completed audits to generate proposals for customers. Audits also resulted in referrals to the Commercial and Industrial Gas Program. RISE electricians/installers active in the Small Business program were down to 6 FTEs in 2017 from 8 FTEs in 2016, reflecting the fewer number of total projects and the increased percentage of projects performed by CDOs.

RISE maintained a supervised warehouse for material distribution and materials handlers. Electricians were both RISE employees and employees of sub-contractor Superior Electric. RISE also employed back office and accounting staff to service this program. In general, RISE employees supporting this program were salaried or hourly, while subcontractors were paid for installation work on a piece basis.

When a customer accepted a RISE proposal, a RISE project manager ensured that sufficient product was available for the installation, issued that product to the installer/electricians, and closed out the work order when the installation was completed. In 2017, total employment from RISE and its sub-contractor Superior Electric associated with the Small Business program totaled 31.5 FTEs in 2017, down from 38.9 FTEs in 2016 and from 43.5 FTEs in 2015.²⁰ As noted above,

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¹⁹ Source: RISE Engineering. These numbers may differ from National Grid's year-end report participation counts due to the fact that the year-end report applies net-to-gross factors and ratios to obtain an estimate of unique participants.

²⁰ Source: RISE Engineering

21.5% of customers (totaling 178) chose their own preferred electrician through the "Customer Directed Option" of the Small Business program.²¹ Peregrine calculated that CDOs employed 9 FTEs on these projects.

As was the case with residential programs, National Grid used CMC Energy Services, Inc. to provide quality assurance inspections of Small Business projects. Field inspectors conducted QA visits in Rhode Island and Massachusetts for the Small Business program as well as for the Large Commercial Retrofit and Upstream Lighting programs (described below), supported by schedulers and data entry staff. Approximately 2.4 FTEs of this team were engaged in National Grid's commercial and industrial programs in Rhode Island.

Large Commercial Retrofit (electric)

Large Commercial Retrofit is a comprehensive program designed to promote replacing old, but still operating, less efficient energy equipment and systems with prescriptive and custom configurations of energy efficient electric equipment. Energy efficiency improvements installed through the program include: lighting; motors and drives; heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) systems; building controls; combined heat and power systems; and street lighting.

As a retrofit program, it targeted replacement of existing equipment or reconfiguration of existing systems. All commercial, industrial, and institutional customers were eligible to participate. Participating customers tended to be larger (i.e. have a monthly demand of 200 KW or more) or were pursuing "custom" electricity saving measures not available through the prescriptive Direct Install program. As was the case for the Small Business program, National Grid paid incentives to assist with defraying part of the material and labor costs associated with installing energy efficient equipment; but incentives available through this program were generally less generous than through the Direct Install program, with customers paying a larger percentage of the installed cost of measures.

National Grid also offered engineering assistance to customers to help them identify costeffective conservation opportunities.

Delivery:

The Large Commercial Retrofit program in 2017 continued to be primarily a market-based initiative with no formal program administrator or designated suppliers. National Grid established performance standards for energy measures and allowed customers to select suppliers and installation vendors. Again, as described above, National Grid paid incentives that

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²¹ Source: RISE Engineering

helped defray a portion of the material and labor costs associated with installed energy efficient equipment.

National Grid statistics for the 2017 Large Commercial Retrofit program identified 748 project applications up from 520 in 2016, for 580 individual customer account numbers, up from 394 in 2016. Installers of record for these projects, based on National Grid statistics, were National Grid-approved Project Expeditors or "PEX" (341 applications, 46%, up from 177 in 2016), other installation contractors (288 applications, equal to 39%, up from 246 projects in 2016), and the customers themselves (119 applications, 16%, up from 96 projects in 2016). It is likely that the 119 customer-installed projects also involved installation contractors though no FTEs for these projects are included in counts since installer information is not available.

National Grid's program statistics for 2017 showed that the total value of project installations performed through the electric Large Commercial Retrofit program was just over \$68,518,000 (up from \$40,400,000 in 2016). Of this amount, 70% of Large Commercial Retrofit projects, based on project value, were lighting retrofits (totaling almost \$48,000,00, up from \$27,500,000 in 2016). This figure includes custom and standard lighting installations completed, as well as municipal LED streetlight conversion projects.

Large Commercial Retrofit Installers of Record 2017

| ▼ EI | 748 | |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|
| ▼ Customer | 119 | |
| CUSTA | 24 | 20% |
| HVAC | 3 | 3% |
| LIGHT | 80 | 67% |
| MPS | 2 | 2% |
| VSD | 10 | 8% |
| Installation Contractor | 288 | |
| CUSTA | 54 | 19% |
| HVAC | 23 | 8% |
| LIGHT | 178 | 62% |
| VSD | 33 | 11% |
| Project Expeditor | 341 | |
| CUSTA | 104 | 30% |
| HVAC | 19 | 6% |
| LIGHT | 205 | 60% |
| VSD | 13 | 4% |

A total of 14 Project Expeditors pursued, secured, managed, and installed 341 Large Commercial Retrofit projects. Per the table above, generated from National Grid project data, 205 (60%) were lighting retrofits I"LIGHT"), 19 (6%) were HVAC projects including controls (HVAC), and 13 (4%) were variable speed drives (VSD). The remaining 104 (30%) were "custom" or comprehensive projects (CUSTA), often involving multiple energy efficient technologies that could also include lighting retrofits, that received customized incentives from National Grid.

Four PEX vendors installed 301 (89%) of the 341 projects developed and installed by the PEX vendor group. Two of these same PEX, Energy Source, Inc. (with 113) and RISE Engineering (with 137), installed 73% of the total. Continuing a trend Peregrine has observed since 2013, the most aggressive of the PEXs engaged dedicated sales / project management staff to pursue potential customers, in many cases subbing out the field work to licensed electrical contractors and technology specialists who received unit-based fees for completing installations.

In addition to the Project Expediters, 108 other named Installation Contractors were active in 2017 in the Large Commercial Retrofit program, using the program to induce customers to upgrade existing systems to improve energy efficiency or to purchase and install qualifying energy efficient equipment. These vendors included general energy contractors and energy services companies, as well as purveyors of energy saving technologies, such as energy management systems, advanced lighting systems, process equipment, HVAC components, etc. Again, between them, they completed an additional 288 projects. Of these projects, 178 were for lighting (62%), 54 (19%) were "custom" projects, 33 were for variable speed drives, and 23 were HVAC projects (including energy management systems).

Finally, there were 119 projects classified as "customer-installed," two-thirds of which (80) were specifically categorized as lighting projects (LIGHT), though some of the 24 custom projects may also have included lighting. It is likely that some portion of these customer-installed projects were also completed by outside contractors, though no information was available for Peregrine to confirm that.

Upstream Lighting (electric)

National Grid's Commercial and Industrial Upstream Lighting program encourages customers to choose higher efficiency lighting products at the point of purchase. The original big idea that launched this program was the recognition that commercial customers were going to larger lighting distributors to purchase stocks of replacement lighting to have on hand as lamps burned out and for large-scale change-outs. National Grid reasoned that if a customer again purchased and installed the same product as was being replaced, this could be a major lost opportunity for efficiency improvement. But if the customer could be induced to purchase and install a more efficient product, both National Grid and the customer would realize the benefits and savings of energy use reduction.

Upstream Lighting's success has been driven by three key program design elements: first, bring the incremental cost of the more efficient National Grid-preferred lighting products available from distributors in line with now-conventional products so customers would opt for high efficiency; second, offer instant rebates by working with manufacturers and distributors to create purchase price parity at the point-of-sale and eliminate the stigma of the mail-in rebate process; and third, stipulate that the purchased products could not be purchased and stored to

replace failed lamps in the future or be resold, but must be installed immediately to generate savings for National Grid and the customer.

The rapid advent and availability of these more efficient, longer-lived, and increasingly inexpensive LED alternatives to fluorescent and incandescent lighting changed this program significantly. National Grid no longer wanted customers to install high efficiency fluorescent lamps upon burnout. LED products were now the replacement of choice.

From 2014 to 2017, 842,567 units of LED lighting were sold through the Upstream Lighting program in Rhode Island. Three market segments (education, hotel/motel, and public assembly) accounted for 50% of this volume, each sector purchasing over 100,000 units of product. For the same four-year period, a total of 384,194 units of fluorescent lighting were sold through the program.

By the beginning of 2017, fluorescent lighting was no longer available from Upstream, instead replaced by a growing range of LED products that could be installed into existing fixtures. Expanding earlier efforts, National Grid decided to drive more LED luminaire and fixture sales (e.g. stairway fixtures) that would result in additional savings by also replacing the ballasts in older fluorescent fixtures with the lower watt LED drivers in new fixtures. By 2017, a growing variety of LED-only fixtures, including ceiling troffers, were available through Upstream, and, if priced right, these products could be installed proactively to economically replace still functional lamps and fixtures.

- In 2014, 429,034 units of lighting were sold through Upstream Lighting. Of these, 261,820 (61%) were high efficiency linear fluorescent lamps (LFLs). There were also 167,214 units of LED product sold.
- In 2015, the total volume of product sold through Upstream Lighting fell to 327,420, in part due to less promotion of the program by National Grid, a drop of 24%. During that year, the number of LFLs sold fell 75,520, a drop of 71%, while sales of LEDs increased to 251,900, growing 50%.
- In 2016, 292,156 units of lighting were sold through Upstream Lighting. Of this sales volume, only 46,882 units of LFLs were sold, down 82% from 2014. LED sales through upstream represented 245,274 units of lighting, equal to 84% of total sales.
- In 2017, no new products were added to the program, LFLs were discontinued in the program and A-shaped lamp incentives were reduced. Total sales fell to 178,151. LED product sales through upstream equaled 100% of total sales. LED fixture sales totaled

35,329 in 2017, up from 33,764 in 2016. New products being added in 2018 would, the program manager predicted, create a significant sales volume lift in 2018.²²

Delivery:

In 2017, National Grid contracted with ECOVA, who had been managing the program since its inception, to administer, support, and promote Upstream Lighting. CLEAResult purchased ECOVA in early 2018.

ECOVA had engaged manufacturers and enlisted a growing number of distributors, offering incentives from National Grid, if they would reduce list prices of specified energy efficient products to electrical contractors and businesses, all with the goal of transitioning and transforming stocking practices and customer purchasing behavior. 32 Rhode Island distributors participated in the program in 2017. ECOVA processed reimbursement of suppliers for discounts provided and managed a quality assurance process to ensure that recorded sales were legitimate. In 2017, new products continued to be added to what had been available through the program to continue to accelerate the market transformation process.

CMC Energy Services conducted inspections of 5% of sales in 2017, down from 10% in 2016. ECOVA provided monthly lists to CMC of inspection targets to confirm that purchased product had been installed.²³ Larger distributors also were audited to verify that product sold through the program was, in fact, going to the customers of record.

Reviewing records maintained by ECOVA that identified who was purchasing products from distributors, Peregrine found that both the customer of record and installation contractors were the buyers of record, indicating that installation contractors were participating in the Upstream Lighting program. It appeared that they were using the discounted pricing available from participating distributors as a tool to convince their customers to replace standard-efficiency lighting with high efficiency LED product, further driving the market transition, while marketing their services. Program data provided by ECOVA and National Grid showed that 69,789 units of product (39% of the total 178,179 units sold in 2017) were purchased by electricians, who were, presumably, installing these products at customer facilities. Further, much of the product purchased by customers required an electrician to do the installations under the electrical code.

Peregrine applied the same product-specific per-unit installed times for Upstream products sold that Peregrine uses to calculate FTEs for lighting installations by electricians under the Direct Install and Large Commercial Retrofit programs. We reasoned that, because those installation times reflected the high productivity of experienced electricians incentivized to work quickly,

²³ Source: CMC Energy Services



²² Source: Ecova, now CLEAResult. March 9, 2018.

the FTEs we calculated for Upstream would be a conservative number that did not overstate labor hours. Using this methodology, we calculated that 12.3 FTE electricians would be needed to install the production purchased through Upstream Lighting by installation contractors. And we also determined that an additional 4.1 FTEs of electrician labor would be required to install the hardwired fixtures sold through Upstream Lighting where customers were listed as the purchasers of record.

Technical Support Services (gas and electric)

Engineering support

To further support large commercial customers, National Grid contracted with consulting engineers who could be requested by an account manager to assist a customer. Engineers would identify potential custom projects, evaluate or model the energy savings that would result, and help the customer complete incentive applications. Some of these consultants brought expertise in specialties like data center energy efficiency improvement or laboratories and clean room technology. In other situations, the customer could propose a scope of work with his own engineer that National Grid could elect to support. Support from contracted consulting engineers was available through National Grid to witness project commissioning, to confirm that the installed measures were operating and performing as anticipated, and to ensure that predicted savings would be achieved.

Energy Smart Grocer

In a similar vein, National Grid contracted with CLEAResult, through its Massachusetts office in Westborough, to offer the Energy Smart Grocer sub-program, which helped large and small supermarket chains identify and implement energy efficiency improvements. Participating customers were part of local and regional chains and secured through outreach in partnership with the RI Food Dealers Association. Working in 60 kW or larger supermarkets, CLEAResult focused on refrigeration improvement, controls, and lighting. CLEAResult employed auditors and other technical staff to identify and develop efficiency improvement projects, helped them engage contractors to complete upgrades, provided technical support as needed, and performed quality assurance inspections of installations.

In 2017, as a result of CLEAResult's efforts, 16 independent contractors engaged by customers completed 67 jobs at 33 sites for 11 customers.²⁴ Savings achieved were 3,274,891 kWh and over 38,000 therms of natural gas. Gas savings were in HVAC equipment operation, resulting from dehumidification and keeping cold air in refrigerated cases rather than letting it spill into

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²⁴ Source: Peregrine interview with CLEAResult

supermarket aisles. Three CLEAResult field staff visited and worked on-site with Rhode Island retailers to develop these projects. In total, CLEAResult staff logged 2.3 FTEs providing support services, with actual installations completed with incentives from the Large Commercial Retrofit program by the 16 contractors selected by customers. Interestingly, 10 of the 11 customers participating in 2017 had participated in this program in prior years. Having seen the benefits of the program, these customers progressed to additional improvements such as adding doors to open cases, upgrading energy management systems, and replacing equipment motors.

Industrial Energy (gas and electric)

In 2017, National Grid expanded the support provided by Reston, Virginia-based Leidos Engineering, Inc. to help Rhode Island and Massachusetts manufacturers to identify and implement energy efficiency improvements in industrial processes. With offices in Framingham, Massachusetts, Leidos assisted National Grid customers to develop 66 projects for custom electric measures through the Large Commercial Retrofit Electric program and 23 projects for gas measures through the Large Commercial Retrofit Gas program. Electric savings for 2017 activity totaled over 9,000,000 kWh, 120% of program goal; gas savings total almost 621,463 therms, 245% of program goal.

Leidos provided targeted engineering support to participating customers, functioning as an owner's representative as customers developed projects with specialty vendors and contractors. A typical engagement included meetings with a customer to review existing operations, major energy uses, and current production issues. Following a guided walk-thru of the facility, Leidos engineers prepare a summary of opportunities and suggested next steps. Depending on the specific interests expressed, Leidos helped identify vendors/contractors and prepared applications for National Grid incentives. The majority of industrial projects were process-related, and, increasingly in 2017, projects used customer employees for installation and construction.

Nine Leidos staff supporting Rhode Island and Massachusetts manufacturers in 2017, up from six in 2016, indicative of the growing success of the program. Staff assisting with Rhode Island customers equaled 2.25 FTEs. According to Leidos management, ²⁵ 40% of their compensation was performance based, making them "totally engaged" in moving projects forward.

²⁵ Source: Peregrine interview with Ronald Gillooly, Director/Manager, Leidos



www.peregrinegroup.com

Large Commercial New Construction (electric)

The Large Commercial New Construction program encouraged energy efficient design and construction practices in new and renovated commercial, industrial, and institutional buildings. The program also promoted the installation of high efficiency equipment in existing facilities during building remodeling and at the time of equipment failure and replacement. The program offered incentives to eliminate or significantly reduce the incremental cost of high efficiency equipment over standard efficiency equipment and provided technical support to assist customers to identify opportunities for incremental efficiency improvement in eligible buildings.

Delivery:

The New Construction program was administered and promoted internally by National Grid staff. As noted above, it offered both technical and design assistance to customers to identify opportunities for incremental efficiency improvement in new building designs and to help customers and their architects/engineers to refine their designs to capture these opportunities. Outside consultants were assigned to assist customers to identify and incorporate energy efficiency solutions into new construction designs and to complete detailed studies that model and quantify energy savings. Commissioning or quality assurance was also offered to ensure that the equipment and systems operate as intended.

For purposes of this study, only the engineering support assigned by National Grid has been counted towards the labor impacts associated with National Grid programs in 2017. As is the case with Residential New Construction, construction jobs associated with commercial new construction were not counted because National Grid's involvement primarily impacts what equipment is installed, and construction labor does not measurably increase in these projects.

Commercial and Industrial Gas Programs

Commercial and Industrial Gas programs supported installation of energy efficient gas heating and water heating systems, certain thermal envelope measures, and custom gas systems in existing buildings and in new construction. The program guidelines for measure eligibility were the same as for the Large Commercial Retrofit program and the New Construction program. All commercial, industrial, and institutional customers, large (>40,000 therms) or small (<40,000 therms), were eligible to participate.

The Commercial and Industrial Gas programs offered technical assistance to customers to help them identify cost-effective conservation opportunities and paid incentives to assist in defraying part of the material and labor costs associated with the energy efficient equipment. A retrofit measure must demonstrate that it will increase energy efficiency above the performance of the still-functional equipment it will replace. For new construction or in the case of failed

equipment, "lost opportunity" rules apply. New equipment, to be eligible for incremental incentives, must exceed the efficiency of what codes require.

Delivery:

RISE Engineering served as National Grid's Program Administrator for gas programs. RISE employees working on this project included the director of gas program services, a program manager, who managed the project pipeline, and a project coordinator, who was responsible for customer "hand-holding" and data management as customers moved through the process. Technical staff included engineers, field staff performing audits and minor installations, and administrative personnel, and a quality assurance specialist who validated engineering work. A total of 5.4 FTEs from RISE serviced the Rhode Island program.

RISE described its role in the program as "the gears that keep moving applications forward." In 2017, 120 Large Gas custom applications were completed and paid in Rhode Island, with an additional 160 applications handled and still being processed. RISE received leads from a variety of sources, including project expeditors, mechanical contractors, and suppliers of equipment. RISE generated a Program application and, as necessary or appropriate, reviewed the customer proposal or completed a scoping study. If the project proposed was acceptable (i.e. met National Grid's criteria), RISE issued an offer letter to the customer authorizing the project to proceed. Customers had responsibility for arranging for and completing the installation. RISE performed a post-installation inspection and closed out the application so that the rebate could be issued. Project energy conservation measures included weatherization, controls, process automation, combustion efficiency, heat recovery, combined heat and power, steam traps, and hot water upgrades.

Employment Impacts of National Grid Programs

2017 Program Budgets and Full Time Equivalent Employment

Peregrine found that in 2017 an estimated 726.4 full-time equivalent jobs or "FTEs" resulted from National Grid Rhode Island energy efficiency programs. The following table, "2017 Full Time Equivalents by Program," summarizes the estimated job impacts from the 2017 electric and gas energy efficiency programs, by program sector and by individual program. In the table, Program Support Service Provider FTEs have been allocated and integrated into individual program FTE counts and program sector FTE counts based on 2017 program expenditures. These are added to the Direct Service Provider count for each program. Smaller programs with limited FTE counts, including pilots and community initiatives were combined into the category titled "other". Community Action weatherization assistance program staff and National Grid staff are counted in the 726.4 FTE total, but presented separately in the table.

Head counts vs. FTE counts

Peregrine was not able to develop actual head counts of the individual workers who participated in delivering and supporting the 2017 National Grid programs in Rhode Island. However, Peregrine can say with confidence, based on interviews with companies directly involved in the implementation of National Grid's energy efficiency programs and though our analysis of field delivery of program services, that the number of individual workers employed in and compensated for activity that directly related to National Grid's energy efficiency programs in Rhode Island far exceeds the total FTEs.

Many companies we interviewed told Peregrine that they employed multiple individuals with specialized skills or in discrete roles who were necessary and important to delivering a comprehensive, high quality product or service; but only a portion of each employee's total annual hours were attributable to Rhode Island energy efficiency activity. Some examples:

National Grid reported 76,969 employee hours billed against Rhode Island energy efficiency program-related accounts, equal to 38.2 FTE employees. Those hours and that FTE count represent not only the aggregate contributions of Rhode Island-dedicated employees, but also employees with system-wide or similar other-state responsibilities who contributed fractionally to the Rhode Island FTE total.

²⁶ Peregrine and National Grid have defined a FTE for purposes of this study as an average 1,760 annual hours of employment (or 220 total days of employment per FTE).



2017 Full Time Equivalents by Program

| PROGRAMS | 2017 SPEND | 2017 FTES |
|--|---------------------|------------------|
| ELECTRIC PROGRAMS | | |
| COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) | | 263.5 |
| Large Commercial New Construction | \$ 5,183,241 | 2.0 |
| Large Commercial Retrofit | \$ 24,964,595 | 221.8 |
| Small Business Direct Install | \$ 8,184,615 | 39.5 |
| Other | \$ 298 <i>,</i> 557 | 0.2 |
| LOW-INCOME RESIDENTIAL | | 46.0 |
| Single family Income Eligible Services | \$ 8,210,659 | 30.9 |
| Income Eligible Multifamily | \$ 2,858,638 | 15.1 |
| RESIDENTIAL | | 98.2 |
| Energy Wise | \$ 9,371,174 | 65.6 |
| EnergyStar Appliances | \$ 2,307,393 | 10.3 |
| EnergyWise Multifamily | \$ 2,039,150 | 13.3 |
| Home Energy Reports - Residential | \$ 2,389,752 | 2.6 |
| Residential New Construction | \$ 1,142,231 | 2.7 |
| Energy Star HVAC | \$ 1,587,059 | 0.3 |
| Energy Star Lighting | \$ 8,965,913 | 2.4 |
| Other | \$ 1,445,258 | 1.0 |
| NATURAL GAS PROGRAMS | | |
| COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL (C&I) | | 34.4 |
| Large Commercial New Construction | \$ 2,082,456 | 0.4 |
| Small Business Direct Install - Gas | \$ 125,010 | 0.8 |
| Large Commercial Retrofit | \$ 4,608,150 | 27.8 |
| Commercial & Industrial Multifamily | \$ 794,841 | 5.4 |
| Other | \$ 2,621 | |
| LOW-INCOME | | 36.5 |
| Single family Income Eligible Services | \$ 3,925,322 | 29.0 |
| Income Eligible Multifamily | \$ 1,916,051 | 7.5 |
| RESIDENTIAL | | 174.7 |
| Energy Star HVAC | \$ 1,584,257 | 0.3 |
| Energy Wise | \$ 7,742,817 | 154.8 |
| EnergyWise Multifamily | \$ 1,145,476 | 16.8 |
| Home Energy Reports - Residential | \$ 504,745 | 0.5 |
| Residential New Construction | \$ 920,170 | 2.2 |
| Other | \$ 186,923 | 0.1 |
| COMMUNITY ACTION AGENCY STAFF | | 35 |
| NATIONAL GRID STAFF | | 38.2 |
| GRAND TOTAL | | 726.4 |

National Grid's commercial and industrial customer base in Rhode Island is relatively small, and the call for engineering support is very intermittent. Further, the engineering expertise that different customers will need varies. Rather than paying engineers with a variety of skills to be available to assist customers, National Grid has entered into master services agreements with multiple consulting engineering firms from whom expert engineering can be purchased as needed. However, since business economics necessitate that these consulting engineering firms' keep their staff utilized and billable most of the time, the majority of preferred engineering firms also have other contracts. Some provide similar energy efficiency services to multiple electric and gas utility companies, in multiple National Grid-served states, to a range of non-utility clients, or to a combination of these. Other firms that address specific customer sub-sectors, manage programs and offer market-specialized engineering services in multiple utility jurisdictions. The Energy Smart Grocer program delivered by CLEAResult and the Industrial program delivered by Leidos, Inc. exemplify this dynamic. Both companies are headquartered outside of New England, and they have local offices in Westborough and Framingham, Massachusetts, respectively. Both have field staff that spent a portion of their time helping National Grid customers in Rhode Island, but supported many times that many projects for National Grid customers in Massachusetts, dispatching staff, as required, to advance individual projects.

On the other hand, for other large energy services providers whose business focus is supporting one or more of National Grid's larger, labor-intensive Rhode Island programs, the total FTE counts and the number of individual personnel contributing to those counts may be nearly equal. For example, Cranston, Rhode Island-based RISE Engineering has been the lead vendor for many of the largest programs offered in Rhode Island by National Grid, including EnergyWise Single Family, EnergyWise Multifamily, Small Business Direct Install, and the Commercial and Industrial Gas programs.

The larger size of these programs required and enabled RISE to employ full-time staff to serve in specific program roles, such as auditors and inspectors. Also, similarities between staffing needs across multiple programs, e.g. for engineering, materials handling, or accounting, allowed RISE to pool staff to provide higher levels of utilization and improved staffing economies.

Additionally, similarities in technical needs between programs, e.g. for electricians, allowed RISE to employ a baseline number of full-time technical specialists, but then supplemented them on an as needed basis with sub-contracted assistance. This staffing has, in turn, also enabled RISE to be a major player as a Project Expediter in National Grid's Large Commercial Retrofit program, generating business opportunities, managing more complex installations, securing equipment and materials, and providing or contracting for installation labor. And, at the same time, as new business opportunities have emerged and been secured in neighboring states, RISE has been able to grow further, shifting specialized staff back and forth between states as demand for services dictates, while maintaining or increasing the efficiency of staff utilization and improving labor economics.

Program budgets and FTE counts

A comparison of program spending and program FTE counts in the previous table shows that the number of FTE jobs attributable to a program is not proportionate to the expenditure by National Grid on a program. Simply put, every dollar spent does not result in the same number of jobs:

- Some program expenses are less labor intensive than others (e.g. marketing and advertising vs. weatherization services)
- Some program designs are more labor intensive than others (e.g. installing LED products for businesses through the Large Commercial or Small Business programs vs. selling discounted LED products through distributors via the Upstream Lighting program)
- Certain energy savings measures are more complicated and laborious than others (e.g. one electrician working alone may install 15 LED ceiling fixtures in a day vs. a team of two may convert 20 streetlights to LED in a day).

Whether energy efficiency measures installed, on a per dollar spent basis, are more labor intensive or equipment intensive also influences the number of FTEs associated with program spending.

- Weatherization materials, for example, (e.g., cellulose for installed insulation, and caulking and foam for air sealing) to improve thermal performance and reduce air leakage in residential buildings are simple and inexpensive. Most of the cost associated with weatherization is for labor during the installation process.
- Other energy efficiency measures such as energy management controls systems, chiller and boiler replacement, or major HVAC upgrades deploy sophisticated, factory-manufactured equipment where the equipment is perhaps the greatest portion of the measure cost. While these measures often require design engineering as well as field labor to install, the considerable manufacturing labor hours is not represented in program FTE counts, so the FTEs per dollar spent is lower.

A counteracting force in terms of job creation resulting from National Grid-supported energy efficiency continues to be the importance of program cost-effectiveness. Regulators, program administrators, and consumer advocates want to increase and maximize the energy saved for each dollar spent. As noted earlier, if point-of-sale discounts through Upstream Lighting are seen as a less expensive strategy to reach certain customers, then installation-based strategies may not be used for those customers. Where installation-based strategies are preferred, National Grid will use competitive bidding where practical to secure labor vendors, requiring would-be contractors to devise strategies to "tighten their belts" and structure their workforce evermore cost effectively. Contractors are increasingly paid a fixed fee for services or compensated based on work completed, encouraging contractors to keep their actual cost of

labor lower, not only to be more competitive, but also to maximize margins. A vendor delivering a program or performing an installation that is not compensated on an hourly basis naturally looks for ways to maximize worker productivity, resulting in less labor required overall to achieve energy reduction goals and fewer FTEs for Peregrine to count.

Finally, with respect to program budgets and FTE counts, there is the reasonable question of which jobs should National Grid get legitimate credit for creating. Peregrine and National Grid agreed that jobs Peregrine should count as resulting from National Grid programs should only include jobs or work hours that meet a "but for" test, meaning that but for National Grid's intervention in the market, this work would not occur. In other words, what incremental impact does National Grid's energy efficiency programs have on total Rhode Island FTE jobs?

- The Large Commercial Retrofit program had a significant jobs impact because it convinces customers to replace still functioning equipment in an existing facility with new energy efficient equipment, requiring significant incremental expense as well as installation labor. In this case, Peregrine has counted the labor associated with installations.
- EnergyWise single and multifamily programs similarly encourage customers to replace operational heating systems with new high efficiency systems even though energy savings would not justify that decision without additional incentives. Likewise, the programs pay most of the cost of weatherization, an expense that most customers would be hard pressed to do without that incentive. In this case, Peregrine has counted program management costs and installation labor costs.
- On the other hand, Commercial New Construction had limited job impacts despite its significant budget. The New Construction program pays a customer's incremental cost of opting for higher efficiency, impacting the customer's choice of materials, equipment, and construction techniques, but not significantly increasing the amount of labor and time needed to construct the building and install equipment and systems. For this program, Peregrine counts costs and services associated with program management and engineering support to customers, but does not count the installation jobs associated with building the project or installing high efficiency equipment because those jobs would have been there regardless.
- Finally, for ENERGY STAR® Lighting, Peregrine again only counted the time associated with program management. Big box stores and other retailers are already staffed to sell lighting products. Their decision to stock LED lamps and related products does not increase the number of their sales and floor staff, and, therefore, these staff are not counted. Likewise, for Upstream Lighting, Peregrine does not include the counter staff of lighting distributors in its FTE totals.

Comparing 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014, and 2013 FTEs

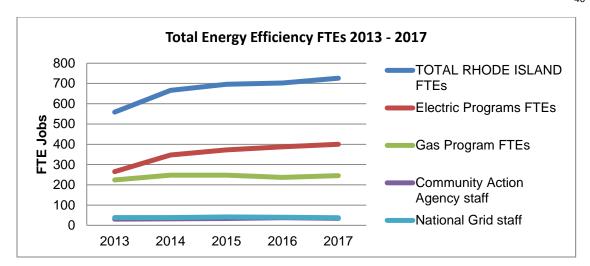
Over the past five years, National Grid's program designs have remained relatively constant, except for the expanding use of Upstream-type strategies.

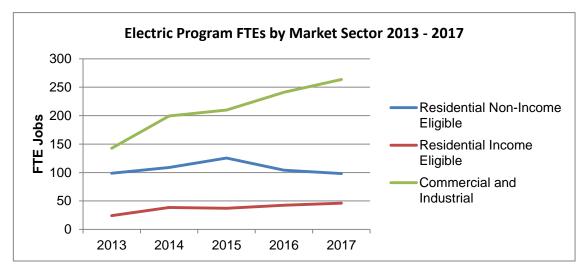
FTE Job Impacts by Market Sector: 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014, and 2013

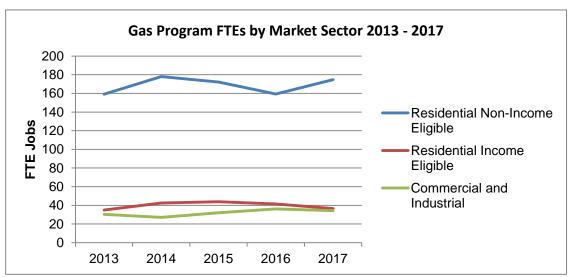
| | 2017 FTEs | 2016 FTEs | 2015 FTEs | 2014 FTEs | 2013 FTEs |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Electric Programs | | | | | |
| Residential Non-Income Eligible | 98.2 | 104.0 | 125.4 | 109.0 | 98.8 |
| Residential Income Eligible | 46.0 | 42.3 | 37.0 | 38.6 | 24.1 |
| Commercial and Industrial | 263.5 | 241.1 | 210.0 | 199.5 | 142.6 |
| Gas Programs | | | | | |
| Residential Non-Income Eligible | 174.7 | 159.3 | 172.1 | 178.0 | 159.1 |
| Residential Income Eligible | 36.5 | 41.4 | 43.8 | 42.5 | 34.9 |
| Commercial and Industrial | 34.4 | 36.1 | 32.0 | 27.0 | 30.3 |
| Community Action Agency staff | 35.0 | 38.0 | 34.0 | 32.5 | 30.7 |
| National Grid staff | 38.2 | 39.9 | 41.6 | 38.9 | 38.5 |
| TOTAL RHODE ISLAND FTE JOBS | 726.4 | 702.2 | 695.8 | 666.1 | 558.9 |

Peregrine counted or calculated 726.4 full-time equivalent jobs or "FTEs" attributable to National Grid's energy efficiency program spending in 2017. This increase over the 702.2 FTEs identified in 2016 maintains the historic trend of job impact growth since 2013. In addition to changes in the total numbers of FTEs identified in 2017 and 2016, Peregrine found there were increases and decreases in total jobs counted associated with individual market sectors.

Observed changes in year-to-year job counts mostly reflect adjustments to program budgets, new marketing initiatives that have increased customer and trade ally participation, shifts in weather and energy prices year to year, and new opportunities created by emergence of new energy efficient products.







Residential Non-Income Eligible

Total FTEs associated with National Grid programs targeting the single family and multifamily residential sector (non-income eligible) are primarily associated with identification and installation of energy efficiency opportunities to manage heating costs. Measures installed are weatherization (insulation and air sealing) and heating equipment replacement with high efficiency equipment. Audit goals set by National Grid vary from year to year, but not so much that RISE, the Program Manager for installation programs in this market sector, needs to adjust the workforce it employs. On the other hand, weather and the cost of energy have a significant impact on requests for audits from customers and how likely it is that customers will follow through with opportunities to weatherize or replace heating equipment. A cold winter is a big driver for customers to look for ways to reduce energy expense and act on recommendations.

In 2017, delivery of EnergyWise Single Family building audits declined, dropping from 9,522 in 2016 to 8,041, reflecting a big dip in spring/summer demand. At the same time, the ratio of completed weatherization projects to building audits completed improved by 18%, reflecting increased RISE follow-up with customers who had work orders written and the institution of a much improved customer tracking system. Increases in gas FTEs are attributable to increases in weatherization of gas-heated homes and increased replacement gas heating systems with high efficiency units. Reductions in electric single family FTEs are attributable to a reduced program support for replacing older oil heating systems with new oil systems (though weatherization assistance to these customers continued unchanged). Where oil systems were converted to high efficiency natural gas equipment, FTEs associated with these installations were credited to EnergyWise gas programs.

There are also some additional FTE jobs associated with programs promoting purchase of energy efficient lighting and appliances, Home Energy Report distribution, new construction technical assistance, and others, but these are more technical support and program administration, which do not vary much year to year..

Residential Income Eligible

For the Residential Income Eligible sector, combined gas and electric FTEs stayed about the same as in 2016. National Grid has protected the budgets of these income-eligible programs and even supplemented them as additional funds were available. The electric program showed a combined net FTE increase for the combined Residential Income Eligible market, single family and multifamily, of almost 4 FTEs in 2017 compared to 2016. Gas program FTEs declined slightly due to installation of less weatherization materials in gas-heated income eligible multifamily buildings. Overall, FTEs associated with this market sector have been extremely steady over the 2013 – 2017.

Commercial and Industrial

In 2017, the Commercial and Industrial market sector showed another strong increase in FTEs associated with electric programs, up 22.4 FTEs to 263.5 FTEs, an increase of just over 9% compared to 2016. While there was a fall-off in electric installations and FTE jobs associated with the Small Business Direct Install program, the Large Commercial Retrofit electric program grew in 2017, in large part due to expanding availability of cost effective LED products and a continuing surge in LED products being installed to replace older technologies. Increases in numbers of combined heat and power projects also contributed to electric savings. Commercial and Industrial FTEs associated with gas programs continued their slight trend upward from 2013 levels, though they were down slightly from 2016. Generally, both gas and electric commercial and industrial customers have benefited from increased installation of newer, better energy management technology, which results in savings for both heating and cooling costs.

National Grid has continued to promote and expand opportunities for trade allies to initiate projects with their existing or new commercial and industrial customers, supported by direct access to National Grid incentives. In both the Large Commercial Retrofit electric program and Large Custom Retrofit gas program, installation contractors and equipment suppliers, often assisted by program facilitators engaged by National Grid (i.e. RISE Engineering, CLEAResult, and Leidos Engineering), have driven the identification, acceptance, and installation of energy efficient projects. Likewise, through Upstream Lighting, electrical contractors have been able to use the discounted pricing of products available from lighting distributers to convince customers to replace standard efficiency lighting with high efficiency product, further driving the LED market transition.

Conclusions

Peregrine anticipates that the number of FTE jobs associated with National Grid's expenditures for energy efficiency will remain stable during the short term as long as qualifying customers can be found and motivated to participate in National Grid programs. At the same time, installation jobs in market subsectors that have grown on the back of the LED revolution may begin to decline as market saturation of this technology inevitably occurs. Future energy efficiency job growth will depend on the next technology or price breakthrough.

There are also other factors in play that may dampen or increase these jobs over time.

 Markets are limited in size, and the cost of securing customers will increase as market penetration levels grow for well-established technologies, potentially causing installation companies to rethink their business strategies and retrench and shrink their workforce or exit certain markets altogether.

- Changing energy costs will affect customer behaviors, encouraging or discouraging customer interest in investing in energy efficiency improvements.
- Continuing evolution of and price drops for energy technology, as has been demonstrated by the emergence and growth of LED lighting, could create new cost-effective installation opportunities for energy efficient products. The availability of low-cost, long lasting, energy efficient LED linear lamps in the past couple of years created the opportunity to cost-effectively replace even nearly new linear fluorescents, re-opening a huge, labor-intensive lighting retrofit market that had been maxed out by the limits of fluorescent technology.
- Further program design adjustments that encourage all natural trade allies to make use of incentives available from National Grid, enabling them to sell products and services to existing and new customers, could lead to increases in FTE jobs resulting from National Grid programs and initiatives.

Of course, the level of funding available for individual National Grid's energy efficiency programs also will significantly impact the future number of FTE jobs in the energy efficiency sector. Many employers interviewed for this study stated definitively that without the program management funds they receive from National Grid and/or the availability of sufficient financial incentives from National Grid to entice customers to proceed with installations, they would likely not be doing business in Rhode Island.

Companies providing similar management services for National Grid in both Rhode Island and Massachusetts have a hedge against such changes. If Rhode Island is 20% of their business, then a 20% decline in Rhode Island funding will only result in a 4% loss of their total business. They may be able to continue working in Rhode Island on the margin. On the other hand, if a company's core business is, as with RISE, to provide field services and installations to National Grid's Rhode Island customers, a 20% reduction in program funding will not only likely result in lay-offs at RISE, but also have a downstream ripple effect with staff reductions for weatherization contractors and perhaps cutbacks for heating contractors. Further, in the case of the Large Commercial Retrofit program where much of the installation work sold by project expediters is subcontracted to electricians, funding reductions will affect electrical contractors as well.

Finally, any funding cutbacks will necessitate choices about where remaining funds should go, and these choices will certainly affect FTE jobs.

Attachment A: Methodologies used for Assessing Employment

Program Support Service Providers

National Grid

National Grid provided to Peregrine a summary of billed hours and FTE counts for employees involved with individual energy efficiency programs in Rhode Island in 2017. Responsibilities of these employees included program planning and development, program administration, regulatory affairs, marketing, evaluation, and market research. Peregrine is reporting National Grid FTEs as a separate category for purposes of this study and not allocating them to specific programs or groups of programs. For the 2018 Analysis of Job Creation, National Grid and Peregrine will examine the impacts of Net to Gross ratios on the calculation of jobs created as a result of the energy efficiency programs in Rhode Island.

Support Services Contractors

Peregrine interviewed most of the larger contractors who supported National Grid in these activities, and they described their roles and responsibilities and provided counts and hours for employees supporting National Grid in Rhode Island. Often, the FTEs Peregrine is reporting represent the aggregation of small numbers of hours by numbers of employees. Often, this was because the contractor's role was required contributions from many members of a multidisciplinary team. Depending on the nature of the services provided and whether the support role could be associated with specific programs, time of these contractors is assigned to programs according to the overall allocation of gas and electric spend by program sector (Residential, Residential Income Eligible, Commercial and Industrial), or allocated to a specific program sector.

Direct Service Providers

Employee numbers reported by Direct Service Providers was a primary input to FTE counts. Peregrine Interviewed the major contractors directly engaged by National Grid to support or deliver Rhode Island programs to get information about type, number, and responsibilities of personnel employed. Some of these contractors provided the same services in 2017 to National Grid customers in multiple states and in some cases to multiple utilities, often using the same team of employees. Peregrine relied on their informal calculations of allocations of time to Rhode Island when formally reported hours from time cards were not available.

Where employer-sourced information on employment was not available, Peregrine relied on program records and statistics for 2017 to calculate person-hours, person-days, and ultimately annual full time equivalent field staff. Peregrine used totals for individual energy efficiency measures installed or, in some cases, total dollar value of categories of projects completed in

2017 to calculate FTEs. Depending on the information available, Peregrine would multiply the average time required (in person-hours or person-days) for each installation by the number of installations and converting the result to FTEs based on an assumed 1,760 work hours per year or 220 work days per year. These unit-based installation times were secured from representative installation companies that performed this work or from organizations that supervised installation activity. In other cases where the only information available was total project cost, Peregrine would estimate the labor cost component of projects and determine total hours required for installations using average hourly billing rates, again converting those total hours into annual FTEs. Finally, in cases where major employers could provide actual installer hours of work to Peregrine, those actual hours or days of work were used instead of calculated FTEs.

Central to these calculation methodologies was an effort to use the same approach year on year for individual programs.

Residential Programs

EnergyWise 1 – 4 Unit Residential Program

For the EnergyWise Residential program, RISE Engineering's program manager provided to Peregrine an overview of how the program functions and any changes from 2016, as well as updated FTE counts of RISE employees in various roles based on payroll tracking. Peregrine then allocated this total number of FTEs to gas and electric programs, using the relative size of National Grid electric and gas budgets as the basis for these allocations.

In 2014, RISE had shared general rules of thumb with Peregrine concerning how weatherization contractor crews and heating contractors perform site work. These typical installation scenarios were borne out by direct interviews with installation companies, as well as by interviews with Community Action Program supervisors with similar responsibilities for low-income residential services. Peregrine has continued to use these rules of thumb in 2017 to estimate numbers of FTE insulation and heating system contractor personnel that installed major energy efficiency measures.

Peregrine assumes it takes a weatherization crew made up of three insulation specialists an average of two days to complete an insulation and air sealing job. National Grid provided counts of numbers of weatherization jobs completed in 2017. Peregrine then used the total numbers of insulation jobs and the average number of man-days required for each installation to calculate a total number of FTEs (again, assuming work 220 days per person per year) providing insulation services in 1-4 unit buildings. FTEs were marked up by 20% to account for a contractor's support and management staff.

For heating system installations, we assume that it takes a two-person team four days on average to remove and replace a hydronic heating system. Peregrine secured counts of high efficiency heating systems and related equipment installed in 2017 from Hawk Incentives, which processes the incentives paid out for these installations. Since Peregrine had received differentiated counts for replacements furnaces and boilers, Peregrine assigned less installation time to replacement furnaces (due to less piping work) and adjusted time estimates accordingly. Replacement residential gas equipment was allocated to the gas program and any replacement residential oil or propane heating equipment or electric heat pump installations were treated as an expense of the electric program. We multiplied average total hours required for an installation by the total number of items installed. The total number of calculated hours was then divided by 1,760 hours to convert it to FTEs, and the FTEs were marked up by 20% to account for a contractor's support and management staff.

EnergyWise Multifamily Residential Program

As with the EnergyWise 1-4 Unit Residential Program, Peregrine interviewed RISE's program manager and was provided with staffing counts. In addition to general program supervision, responsibilities included technical leadership, auditing, field coordination and inspections, and electrical installation work. Again, RISE was able to convert staff counts to FTEs associated with this particular program. Peregrine relied on installation counts from National Grid to determine numbers of individual measures that had been installed by independent weatherization contractors and heating contractors in these buildings. As was the case for contractors installing measures in 1 to 4 unit buildings, these counts were multiplied by average times for installations in hours or portions or hours, and the resulting total hour counts were divided by 1,760 hours per FTE to arrive at annual FTE counts.

Residential New Construction
Residential Home Energy Report Program
Residential Community Based Initiatives
ENERGY STAR® HVAC Program

For each of these programs, there was no significant incremental labor impact associated with product installed or purchased because the program did not so much affect whether product was installed as it did which product was installed. Peregrine generated FTE counts through interviews with contractors that facilitated these programs and provided support services (e.g. marketing assistance, informational mailings, technical assistance, trade ally training, quality assurance inspections). These businesses provided staffing counts for 2017 from their accounting records. Total FTEs were then allocated to gas or electric based on the ratio of spending in each residential gas and electric program.

ENERGY STAR® Lighting ENERGY STAR® Products

Both of these programs were funded solely through the residential electric budget. For both programs, there was no significant incremental labor impact associated with amount of product installed or purchased. Further, retailers' staff engaged at the point-of-sale were not counted as incremental FTEs. Peregrine generated FTE counts through interviews with individual contractors engaged by National Grid to supply services in support of the programs. These businesses provided staffing counts for 2017 from their accounting records. Total FTEs were then allocated to the residential electric spend.

Low Income Residential Programs

Income Eligible 1-4 Unit Residential

FTE counts for this program for 2017 include program management staff by the program vendor CLEAResult, Community Action Program (CAP) agency staff counts, and calculated labor required to complete installations. CLEAResult staff FTE counts came from direct interviews with CLEAResult's program manager. We determined CAP agency energy staffing for each of the six agencies operating in Rhode Island with the assistance of CLEAResult and then aggregated them to establish the statewide Community Action Agency staff count. CLEAResult also provided counts of weatherization and heating system installations completed in 2017. Peregrine used CAP agencies guidance on contractor crew sizes and installation practices to calculate the numbers of FTE installers who performed this work.

Income Eligible Multifamily Residential

Peregrine used the same approach to calculating FTEs for the Income Eligible Multifamily program as for the EnergyWise Multifamily Residential Program since both programs were administered by RISE Engineering and used the same delivery strategy.

Commercial and Industrial Programs

Small Business Direct Install Program

Peregrine used counts of employees provided by RISE Engineering, the regional program administrator, to generate FTEs for RISE staff involved in program management and measure installations and for their sub-contractors as well. No actual measure counts and calculated FTEs were used to compile job counts attributable to the work of RISE and its subcontractors, as all workers were accounted for without a piecework analysis. Peregrine also calculated additional FTEs associated with the "customer-directed option" (or "CDO") that allowed customers to use an electrician they had an existing relationship with to install program measures and receive the

same incentives as were available through RISE. These numbers were based on information from RISE about numbers of electrical contractors that were active through CDO and the numbers of customers they work with and then cross-tabulated installation time that would be required for actual items installed.

Large Commercial Retrofit Program (electric)

Installations

As described in the section on energy program delivery, the Large Commercial Retrofit program was the most market-based of all electric programs offered. Customers initiated projects, as did businesses that had products or services they were trying to sell. Installations included prescriptive lighting, motors and drives, compressors, and HVAC control measures. FTEs for installation work was calculated in a number of ways, depending on which and how much information was available to Peregrine in the data sets supplied by National Grid. For prescriptive Large Commercial Retrofit installations that were part of a specific technology group (e.g. lighting, drives), we used installed item counts to generate total installation times or total project cost to generate labor cost estimates and converted this information to FTEs. For larger, more complex custom projects, National Grid helped disaggregate total project costs into costs for sub-categories by technology. Installation labor ratios of FTEs associated with noncustom installations of specific equipment and total project costs were applied to total costs of custom measure sub-categories. Once the total dollar value of the project was determined, we could apply assumptions about the ratios of labor cost to material cost for different technologies, calculate the type and number of labor hours this represented, aggregate the total hours, and convert them to FTEs.

Upstream Lighting-related installations were rolled into the Large Commercial Retrofit FTE counts. Peregrine calculated the FTEs required for installations by electrical contractors that purchased these materials through Upstream on behalf of customers, taking counts of product purchased by the contractor, applying per unit labor times, and then calculating the total FTEs for installations. We also applied these same unit labor times to Upstream Lighting sales where customers were the purchaser of record and the item installed required an electrician to hardwire it.

Sales and project management

As in past years, Peregrine interviewed the larger Project Expeditors to get counts of sales and project management staff they were employing in 2017 to secure and oversee projects. Similarly, Peregrine estimated the number of sales and project management personnel that were employed by other installation contractors active in Large Commercial Retrofits. We extrapolated the sales and project management staffing identified for Project Expediters to calculate numbers of like staff employed by other installation contractors. This extrapolation

used the total dollar value of Large Commercial retrofit projects installed by PEX and by other contractors under to estimate the additional sales and project management staff employed by these other installation contractors.

Engineering support

For engineering support services provided to commercial customers, Peregrine used the recorded payouts for technical assistance services provided in 2017 to calculate workforce FTEs. National Grid provided engineering services to customers through retained contractors, in particular where "custom" energy efficiency solutions required technical support to determine what could be done, what should be done, what energy savings would result, and what incentive levels were appropriate. To calculate the FTEs associated with technical assistance support provided by engineers under contract to National Grid, Peregrine took the total dollars paid out for this work and calculated how many hours of labor it represented at an assumed \$120 per hour. Total hours were then converted to FTEs. Finally, for the Smart Grocer and Industrial initiatives, Peregrine interviewed and secured staff counts from CLEAResult and Leidos Engineering.

Commercial and Industrial Gas Programs

For Commercial and Industrial Gas programs managed by RISE Engineering, Peregrine interviewed RISE to secure counts of RISE employees and FTEs. A variety of contractors installed energy efficiency measures installed and much of this work was done under the Large Custom Retrofit program. Due to a lack of specific details about the cost of these projects, Peregrine relied on statistics about incentives levels paid to develop order of magnitude estimates of total project costs for labor and equipment and then conservatively calculated hours of installation labor and total FTEs assuming an average labor rate of \$100/hour.

Attachment B: Interview Guide

National Grid 2017 RIL abor 5 tudy 2 Organization Interview Guide 2

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| - CustomersBerved? [More/Less] 2 2 | |
| - Revenue? [More/Less] [2 | 2 |
| - Other? | |
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Attachment C: Participating Companies

The following list includes contractors and subcontractors performing work directly for National Grid Energy Efficiency programs in 2017 that were counted in the FTE analysis and additional companies who assisted customers to secure equipment rebates, for example through the New Construction, High Efficiency HVAC programs, and upstream lighting. The list also includes the Community Action Program agencies and their subcontractors involved with the delivery of the low-income program, whether under National Grid funding or WAP/LIHEAP/ARRA funding.

The list is organized by state, with companies then listed alphabetically. Rhode Island firms are listed first. Of the 917 companies, agencies, contractors and sub-contractors listed here, 79% are either headquartered in Rhode Island, or have a physical presence in Rhode Island. Nearly 14% are Massachusetts-based companies with no physical presence in Rhode Island. Just over 1% of companies are Connecticut firms. The remaining firms have offices in the other New England states or outside of New England.

| Vendor | Town | State |
|--|------------------|-------|
| 2 Sons Electric LLC | East Providence | RI |
| A & I Electric | Pawtucket | RI |
| A & L Plumbing Mechanical and Consulting | Westerly | RI |
| A & M Compressed Air Products Inc. | Providence | RI |
| A E Costa Electrical Contractor LLC | Warwick | RI |
| A Santurri Electric | East Greenwich | RI |
| A.T. ELECTRIC Co. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Accurate Trades LLC | Providence | RI |
| Ace Electric | Providence | RI |
| ACR Construction and Management Corporation | Johnston | RI |
| Adell Construction LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Advance Electrical Corporation | Providence | RI |
| Advanced Comfort Systems Inc. | North Smithfield | RI |
| Advanced Heating and Cooling | Greenville | RI |
| Aero Mechanical Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Affordable Building and Weatherization, Inc. | East Greenwich | RI |
| Affordable Heating and Air Conditioning Services | North Providence | RI |
| Air Conditioning Services Of New England Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Air Metalworks Ltd | North Providence | RI |
| Air Quality LLC | Warwick | RI |
| Air Synergy Cooling and Heating Systems Specialists | Providence | RI |
| Aire Serv Of Central Rhode Island | Pawtucket | RI |
| Airhart Electric Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| AJS Plumbing and Heating | North Providence | RI |
| Aladdin Electric Co. Inc. | Johnston | RI |

| Alan Menard Plumbing LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Alan Paul Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Albert S Koenig Electrician | Pawtucket | RI |
| All Electrical Solutions | Providence | RI |
| All Phase Heating Concepts | Woonsocket | RI |
| All Seasons Heating and Air Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| All Star Insulation | Providence | RI |
| All State Electric Inc | Newport | RI |
| All Weather Heating and Air | Providence | RI |
| Allen Plumbing and Heating | North Providence | RI |
| Allen's Electric | Woonsocket | RI |
| Alliance Plumbing Heating and Air Conditioning | Cumberland | RI |
| Allied Electrical Group | Providence | RI |
| Alpha Electrical Contractors Inc. | Riverside | RI |
| Alpha Mechanical | East Providence | RI |
| Al's Electric | North Providence | RI |
| American Development Institute Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| American Electric Service Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| American Heating, Plumbing & Sprinkler Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| American Home Heating and Air Conditioning Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| American Pride Plumbing and Heating LLC | Warwick | RI |
| AMERITEST | North Providence | RI |
| Amity Electric | Wyoming | RI |
| AMS Development | Portsmouth | RI |
| Anchor Insulation Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Anchor Plumbing and Heating Company Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Andrew Cantone | Johnston | RI |
| Andrew R McMahon Electrician | Lincoln | RI |
| Angelo DeFeo | Providence | RI |
| Anibal J Cante | Central Falls | RI |
| Anthony De Angelis | Lincoln | RI |
| Anthony J Santurri Jr | East Greenwich | RI |
| Anthony Silva | Pawtucket | RI |
| Anthony Simas | Woonsocket | RI |
| Anthonys Quick Plumbing and Heating | Johnston | RI |
| Antonio J Improta LLC | Cranston | RI |
| APB Plumbing and Heating | Cumberland | RI |
| APCO LLC | Johnston | RI |
| Apple Valley Alarms | North Scituate | RI |
| APuzzo Plumbing and Heating | North Scituate | RI |
| Aquidneck Services LLC | Portsmouth | RI |
| AR Heating and Cooling Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Arden Engineering Constructors LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
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| Ardente Supply Co., Inc. | Providence | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| Arkwright Inc. | Fiskeville | RI |
| Arthur Lettieri | Providence | RI |
| Arthur W Adler | Bristol | RI |
| Astro Electric | Middletown | RI |
| ATC Group Services LLC | Providence | RI |
| Aten Energy | Pawtucket | RI |
| Atlantic Plumbing and Heating | Coventry | RI |
| Atlantis Comfort Systems Corp | Smithfield | RI |
| Auburn Electric Company | Cranston | RI |
| Autiello Plumbing and Heating LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Automatic Temperature Controls | Cranston | RI |
| AZ Corporation | Hopkinton | RI |
| Azverde Electric Company | Cumberland | RI |
| B & B Consumers Natural Gas Service | Woonsocket | RI |
| B & K Electric LLC | Cranston | RI |
| B and M Plumbing and Heating | Warwick | RI |
| B Mechanical AC & Heating Inc. | Exeter | RI |
| B&D Boiler Removal Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| B&W Building Maintenance Electrical Contractors | North Providence | RI |
| Baptista Electric | Cumberland | RI |
| Barlow Heating LLC | Warwick | RI |
| Barrington Plumbing and Heating | Barrington | RI |
| Bashaw Electric | East Greenwich | RI |
| Basics Group | Providence | RI |
| Baum Energy | Warren | RI |
| Baynes Electric | Westerly | RI |
| Bayside Electric Company | Warwick | RI |
| Belcher Electric LLC | Woonsocket | RI |
| Beneficial Energy Products | Pawtucket | RI |
| Berard Heating and Mechanical | Warwick | RI |
| Bermudez Plumbing and Heating | Pawtucket | RI |
| Bert Gardiner Plumbing | Charlestown | RI |
| Bertrand Plumbing Inc. | Pascoag | RI |
| Betco Plumbing and Drain Cleaning | West Greenwich | RI |
| Biello Electric Co | Fall River | RI |
| Bill Ellis Plumbing and Heating | Johnston | RI |
| Bill Gornostai Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Bill The Plumber | North Smithfield | RI |
| Bills Heating Service Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Blackstone Valley Community Action | Pawtucket | RI |
| BMB Services LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Bob Larisas Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Barrington | RI |

| Bob Martel Plumbing and Heating | Central Falls | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| Bob Sequeira Plumbing and Heating | West Warwick | RI |
| Bodell Plumbing and Heating | South Kingstown | RI |
| Boss Heating & Cooling | Westerly | RI |
| Boucher HVAC Inc. | Wakefield | RI |
| Boulevard Plumbing and Heating | Middletown | RI |
| Brian Mellor | Warren | RI |
| Brian's Fire Alarm System Solutions, LLC | North Smithfield | RI |
| Brian's Heating Concepts, Inc. | Tiverton | RI |
| Brien Godin | Cumberland | RI |
| Brittain Electric Inc. | Jamestown | RI |
| Bruno & Son Electric Inc. | Providence | RI |
| BSH Heating and Appliance | Barrington | RI |
| Buckley Heating and Cooling | Peace Dale | RI |
| Burbanks Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | North Kingstown | RI |
| Burns Cold Heating and Air | West Warwick | RI |
| Burns Plumbing | Newport | RI |
| Butler and Sons Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | Providence | RI |
| BZ Electric, Inc. | West Warwick | RI |
| C & K Electric Company Inc. | Providence | RI |
| C & L Energy Corp | Cranston | RI |
| C and D Mechanical | Cranston | RI |
| C Carr Electric LLC | Cumberland | RI |
| C J Nemes Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| C J Pereira | Portsmouth | RI |
| Caiazzo Plumbing | Middletown | RI |
| Cal Supply Co., Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Calyx Retrofit | Lincoln | RI |
| Capwells Heating and Air Conditioning | Greene | RI |
| Carbone Plumbing Heating and Air | Johnston | RI |
| Cardillo Electric LLC | Providence | RI |
| Carjon Air Conditioning and Heating Inc. | Smithfield | RI |
| Carl Gross | Providence | RI |
| Carl Pecchia Heating Contractor | Warwick | RI |
| Carlino Electric Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Carnevale Electric | Johnston | RI |
| Carpentier Home Services | North Smithfield | RI |
| Carter Brothers Inc. | Pascoag | RI |
| Carter Plumbing and Heating Co. | Warren | RI |
| Casa Buena Builders | Providence | RI |
| Cassana HVAC LLC | North Providence | RI |
| CBRE | Providence | RI |
| CD Heating Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| | | |

| Century Heating | Smithfield | RI |
|--|-----------------|-----|
| Charland Enterprises Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Charles Burton | Lincoln | RI |
| Charles Doherty | Warwick | RI |
| Charlie's Heating LLC | North Kingstown | RI |
| Chris Electric Co. | Newport | RI |
| Christopher Coppolino | Warwick | RI |
| Cinco Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Cipriano Plumbing and Heating | Wakefield | RI |
| CLEAResult | Providence | RI |
| Clermont Mechanical Plumbing & Heating | riovidence | IXI |
| Services | Glendale | RI |
| Climate Controlled Systems Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| CM Gifford Plumbing & Heating | Little Compton | RI |
| CMAGS Heating and Air Conditioning | Warwick | RI |
| Coast Modern Construction | Providence | RI |
| Coastal Electric Inc. | Newport | RI |
| Coastal HVAC & Refrigeration | Wakefield | RI |
| Cobra Electric and Compaction Services, Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Cohen Heating Supply, Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Cola Plumbing and Heating Inc. | North Kingstown | RI |
| Collard Enterprises Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Comfort Systems & Solutions Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Commercial and Residential Services | Johnston | RI |
| Community Action Partnership of Providence | Providence | RI |
| Compass Electric LLC | Riverside | RI |
| Competitive Chimney Sweep Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Comprehensive Community Action | Cranston | RI |
| Computer Sciences Corporation | Warwick | RI |
| Consumers Propane - Bousquet Oil | Woonsocket | RI |
| Conti Brothers Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Continental Heating and Cooling Indoor Air | | |
| Quality | Johnston | RI |
| Cooley Incorporated | Cranston | RI |
| Cooper Heating and Cooling LLC | Exeter | RI |
| Cotoia Electric | Johnston | RI |
| Cox Electric LLC | Narragansett | RI |
| Craig R Committo Electrician | Tiverton | RI |
| Cross Insulation | Cumberland | RI |
| Crystal Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Providence | RI |
| CSV Mechanical Inc. | Wakefield | RI |
| Custom Comfort | Woonsocket | RI |
| CW Cummings Plumbing Co. | Coventry | RI |
| D & D Electric Company | East Greenwich | RI |
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| D & D Home Industrial Services | North Providence | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| D & E Electric, Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| D & J Electric Corporation | Warwick | RI |
| D & J Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Cumberland | RI |
| D & S Construction Company | Lincoln | RI |
| D & V Mechanical Inc. | Westerly | RI |
| D F S Plumbing Services | Cranston | RI |
| D Gomes Electric LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| D.S. Plumbing and Heating LLC | Норе | RI |
| D'Ambra Construction Co Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Danico LLC | North Providence | RI |
| Dave Venancio Electric | Tiverton | RI |
| David J O'Brian Electrician | North Kingstown | RI |
| David Seddon Electrician | Rumford | RI |
| David R Gince Electrician | Woonsocket | RI |
| Davidson's Plumbing and Heating | Warwick | RI |
| Dayco Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Deal Electric | East Greenwich | RI |
| Delmonico Enterprises -Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Desarro Electric LLC | Hope Valley | RI |
| Desmarais Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Dessaint Electric Co. | Warwick | RI |
| DeVivo Plumbing and Heating | North Smithfield | RI |
| Dg Electric | Woonsocket | RI |
| Dimery Electrical | Barrington | RI |
| Dion Signs | Central Falls | RI |
| Diorio Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | Barrington | RI |
| DJL Electric | Warren | RI |
| DLD Plumbing & Mechanical Co | Tiverton | RI |
| Don Jesting & Sons LLC | Middletown | RI |
| Donald E. Lemay Electrician | Bristol | RI |
| Donovan and Sons Inc. | Middletown | RI |
| Drain Right Sewer & Drain Cleaning Services LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| Drivers Plumbing and Mechanical Inc. | Providence | RI |
| DS Plumbing | Coventry | RI |
| DSA Mechanical | Barrington | RI |
| DSC Heating and Air Conditioning | North Kingstown | RI |
| DSL Properties, LLC | North Kingstown | RI |
| Dual Voltage Electric LLC | Johnston | RI |
| Dudek Oil Co. | Warren | RI |
| Dupuis Energy | Pawtucket | RI |
| Durante Electric | Lincoln | RI |
| DWI Group Ltd | Johnston | RI |
| | | |

| Dynamic Air Systems Inc. | East Providence | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| E Whitford Plumbing Services | Exeter | RI |
| E.W. Audet & Sons Inc. | Providence | RI |
| EA Marcoux and Son, Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Eagle Electric | Ashaway | RI |
| East Bay Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| East Coast Electric | Johnston | RI |
| Eastbay Community Action | Riverside | RI |
| Eastern Plumbing Co Inc. | North Kingstown | RI |
| Eastland Electric | Lincoln | RI |
| Ecologic Spray Foam Insulation Inc. | Jamestown | RI |
| Econ Electric Contractors | Bristol | RI |
| Ed Beaudoin Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Eddy's Weatherization | Providence | RI |
| Eirich Electric | Portsmouth | RI |
| Electrical Concepts Inc. | East Greenwich | RI |
| Electrical League of RI | Warwick | RI |
| Electrical Wholesaler Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Emergency Response Plumbing Heating and Air | | |
| Conditioning | Warwick | RI |
| Energy Conservation Inc. | South Kingstown | RI |
| Energy Efficient Exteriors, Inc. | Lincoln | RI |
| Energy Electric Co, Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Energy Geeks | North Smithfield | RI |
| Energy One Southern Mechanical | West Warwick | RI |
| Energy Source LLC | Providence | RI |
| Eurotech Climatesystems LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| Eveready Electric | Barrington | RI |
| Evergreen Plumbing and Heating Co., Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Exodus Construction LLC | Narragansett | RI |
| F & S Electric Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| F. W. Webb Company | Warwick | RI |
| Ferreira Electric | Bristol | RI |
| Feula Plumbing and Heating LLC | Johnston | RI |
| FG Lees and Son Plumbing and Heating | Providence | RI |
| First Class Plumbing | Woonsocket | RI |
| Five Star Plumbing and Heating | Johnston | RI |
| Fleet Plumbing and Heating Inc. | North Scituate | RI |
| Fletcher Heating Burner Repairs | Ashaway | RI |
| Foremost Electric Service | Cranston | RI |
| Foster Electric, Inc. | Tiverton | RI |
| Francis Heating and Hydronics | East Providence | RI |
| Frank Knight Plumbing and Heating | Warwick | RI |
| | | |

| Frederick Bailey Plumber | Johnston | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| Frontier Mechanical LLC | Providence | RI |
| Furtado Lighting & Design LLC | Bristol | RI |
| G & B Electric | Exeter | RI |
| G & L Electric Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| G Hill Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | Westerly | RI |
| Gallo Electric LLC | West Greenwich | RI |
| Gamache Enterprises | North Smithfield | RI |
| Gambit Electric Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Gary Fernandes Electrician | Woonsocket | RI |
| Gas Doctor | Providence | RI |
| Gem Plumbing and Heating Services Inc. | Lincoln | RI |
| General Construction & Painting LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| George Gaulin Electrician | Cranston | RI |
| Georges Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Gerald M Lepore Jr. | Cranston | RI |
| Gilbane Building Company | Providence | RI |
| Ginos Plumbing | Warwick | RI |
| Giorno Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Global Plumbing and Heating | Pawtucket | RI |
| GM Control Systems Inc. | North Smithfield | RI |
| Grace Construction LLC | Providence | RI |
| Granite City Electric | Pawtucket | RI |
| Greenwich Insulation | West Greenwich | RI |
| Griff Electric LLC | Portsmouth | RI |
| Grillo Electric | Ashaway | RI |
| Gronski Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Groom Energy Solutions | Providence | RI |
| Guarino Power Systems LLC | Smithfield | RI |
| Guy Clermont Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| H V Holland Inc. | Jamestown | RI |
| Harris Plumbing and Heating | Narragansett | RI |
| Haven Plumbing and Heating Co | Cranston | RI |
| Hawkes Plumbing and Heating Co Inc. | Chepachet | RI |
| HD Supply Facilities Maintenance | Warwick | RI |
| Heffernan Mechanical Services | Warwick | RI |
| Henderson Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Heritage Restoration Inc. | Providence | RI |
| HH Heating | Lincoln | RI |
| Hilario Quezada Electrician | Providence | RI |
| HK Heating Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Hodson Heating and Cooling | Harrisville | RI |
| Holland Electric | Peace Dale | RI |
| | | |

| Home Savers LLC | Providence | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Homeserve USA Energy Services LLC | Natick | RI |
| Hope Valley Sheet Metal Inc. | Hope Valley | RI |
| Horizon Solutions LLC | Smithfield | RI |
| Houle Plumbing and Heating | Greene | RI |
| Howard's Heating Service | North Kingstown | RI |
| Hughes Incorporated | North Kingstown | RI |
| Hutchins Electric | Greenwich | RI |
| Hynson Electrical Construction Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| lasimone Plumbing-Heating & Drain Cleaning Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| Independent Plumbing Heating | Bristol | RI |
| Industrial Burner Service Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Innovative Plumbing and Heating Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| Iroquoian Plumbing and Heating | Providence | RI |
| Island Solar Plumbing and Heating | Jamestown | RI |
| It's Shocking Electric Corp. | Cranston | RI |
| Izzi and Sons Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Izzo & Sons Electric | Providence | RI |
| J & A Electric | Providence | RI |
| J & J Electric | Warwick | RI |
| J & M Plumbing LLC | Coventry | RI |
| J Joyce Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| J&K Supplemental Plumbing Inc. | East Greenwich | RI |
| J&O Plumbing LLC | Warwick | RI |
| J.L. Electric | Middletown | RI |
| Jacob Messier | Warwick | RI |
| Jacobson Energy Research | Providence | RI |
| James Walsh | North Kingstown | RI |
| Janton Electric Contractors | West Warwick | RI |
| Jatwire Electric LLC | Tiverton | RI |
| Jay Almeida Electrician | Johnston | RI |
| JC Electric Inc. | Wakefield | RI |
| JD Mechanical Inc. | Greenville | RI |
| JD Mello Jr. Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Newport | RI |
| Jed Electric Inc. | Greene | RI |
| Jeff Berard Plumbing and HVAC | Warwick | RI |
| Jeffrey Reynolds | Westport | RI |
| JEM Construction Group LLC | North Scituate | RI |
| JG Home Remodeling | Woonsocket | RI |
| Jim Kelley Electrician | Warwick | RI |
| JJ McNamara Electric | Providence | RI |
| JKL Engineering Company Inc. | Providence | RI |
| JMAC Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Warwick | RI |

| JMC Construction | Johnston | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| JN Jordan Plumbing LLC | Shannock | RI |
| JO Plumbing Septic and Drain Cleaning | Warwick | RI |
| Joe Chaves Heating and Plumbing | Middletown | RI |
| Joe Diorio Electric | Pawtucket | RI |
| Joe Lemay Electrician | Lincoln | RI |
| Joe the Plumber | Warwick | RI |
| Joe Vigneault Electrician | Riverside | RI |
| John Jackson | Cumberland | RI |
| John Nicholson Mechanical Contractor | North Scituate | RI |
| John P Keogh | West Warwick | RI |
| John R Bileau HVAC | Woonsocket | RI |
| John Simard Electric Contractor | North Smithfield | RI |
| Johnny Home Solutions LLC | Central Falls | RI |
| Johnny Mack Electric | Narragansett | RI |
| Johnny's Oil and Heating Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Johnson Brothers Heating & Air LLC | Providence | RI |
| Johnston Electric Inc. | North Scituate | RI |
| Jon Tasca Plumbing and Heating | Westerly | RI |
| Joseph C Grimm Plumbing & Heating Inc. | Narragansett | RI |
| Joseph Diorio | Pawtucket | RI |
| Joseph Giorno Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Joseph R Beaumier | Johnston | RI |
| Jouberts Heating and Air Conditioning | Warwick | RI |
| JP Island General Services | Middletown | RI |
| JS Plumbing and Heating | North Providence | RI |
| Juan Villanueva | Cumberland | RI |
| Just Heat | Portsmouth | RI |
| K Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Kafin Oil Company Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Kelco Electric Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Kelly Electric Inc. | Cumberland | RI |
| Kens Heating | Providence | RI |
| Kevin Messier Electrical | Cumberland | RI |
| Kevin's HVAC Installation and Repair | Bristol | RI |
| Kimberly Construction | North Smithfield | RI |
| Kirkbrae Electric | Lincoln | RI |
| Kirwin Plumbing | Newport | RI |
| KME Electric, Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Koolco Inc. | Wakefield | RI |
| Kwik Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| L & M Construction & Realty, LLC | Cranston | RI |
| L J Giorgi Plumbing and Heating Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| | | |

| L&B Remodeling | North Providence | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| LAD Electric LLC | Providence | RI |
| Lamplighter, Inc. | Little Compton | RI |
| Landry and Martin Oil Co Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Lang Plumbing and Heating | North Scituate | RI |
| Lawrence Air Systems Inc. | Barrington | RI |
| Lawrence Ashley | Barrington | RI |
| Leidos Engineering | Newport | RI |
| Lester Parente | Chepachet | RI |
| Leveille Electric | Smithfield | RI |
| Lima Construction | Pawtucket | RI |
| LJ Giorgi Plumbing and Heating, Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| Lombardo Electric Company | Warren | RI |
| Louie Electric & Son | Providence | RI |
| Lubera Plumbing | Coventry | RI |
| Luke Beaudreault Plumbing and Heating | North Smithfield | RI |
| Luso Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Cumberland | RI |
| M & M Electric Inc. | Providence | RI |
| M and M Mechanical | Richmond | RI |
| Madden Electric | Little Compton | RI |
| Mador Electric Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Magnetic Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Main Street Plumbing LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| Malone Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Map Electric | Woonsocket | RI |
| Marcaccio Electric LLC | North Providence | RI |
| Marcel Multi Services | Pawtucket | RI |
| Marinelli & Sons Electric | West Kingston | RI |
| Marios Reconditioned Appliance Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Marisa Desautel | Providence | RI |
| Mark Hartman | Cranston | RI |
| Marte Construction | Warwick | RI |
| Martel Plumbing and Heating | Lincoln | RI |
| Mastro Electric Supply Co Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Mastrocinque and Sons Plumbing and Heating LLC | Portsmouth | RI |
| Matthew Fitts Electrical | Greeneville | RI |
| Matthew A Marchetti | Cranston | RI |
| Matts Mechanical | Greenville | RI |
| Mazza Construction | Pawtucket | RI |
| McCormick Electrical | North Kingstown | RI |
| McDonough Electric LLC | West Warwick | RI |
| Mcs Electric Inc. | Portsmouth | RI |
| | | |

| MD Heating and Air Conditioning LLC | North Providence | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Mechanical HVAC Systems Inc. | Wakefield | RI |
| Menard Electric | Manville | RI |
| Meryl Cohen | Smithfield | RI |
| Metro Electric | Woonsocket | RI |
| MH Electric | Cranston | RI |
| Michael - Rae Design LLC | Wyoming | RI |
| Michael Bowry | Cranston | RI |
| Michael Chace Electrician | Johnston | RI |
| Michael Cozzens | Saunderstown | RI |
| Michael Faiella | Newport | RI |
| Michael Fox Mechanical | Riverside | RI |
| Michael Freitas Plumbing and Mechanical | Pascoag | RI |
| Michael Principe | Cumberland | RI |
| Michael Zincone Heating and Air Condition | Warwick | RI |
| Michael R Lafleur | Smithfield | RI |
| Micheletti Oil Services Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Midstate Heating and Cooling | Hope Valley | RI |
| Mikes Plumbing Service | Rumford | RI |
| Miller Mechanical Inc. | Rumford | RI |
| MJ Electric and Refrigeration | Pawtucket | RI |
| MJB Construction | West Warwick | RI |
| MJF Plumbing and Heating | Bristol | RI |
| Modern Mechanical LLC | Woonsocket | RI |
| MoonWorks | Woonsocket | RI |
| Morgan Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Morra Electric Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Mpg Mechanical LLC | Charlestown | RI |
| Mr. Plumber LLC | East Providence | RI |
| Mr. Rooter Plumbing | Warwick | RI |
| Multi State Electric Co. | North Providence | RI |
| Mussulli Electric Co. | Harrisville | RI |
| Mutual Engineering Service Company | Warwick | RI |
| Nasons Heating Cooling Sheet Metal | Middletown | RI |
| National Refrigeration Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Naxos Electric | Smithfield | RI |
| New England Boilder Works | Coventry | RI |
| New England Energy Concepts Inc. | North Dighton | RI |
| New England Plumbing Heating and Air LLC | Greenville | RI |
| Newbury Plumbing and Heating | Tiverton | RI |
| Newport Electric | Portsmouth | RI |
| Newport Plumbing and Heating Gas Company | Portsmouth | RI |
| NGB Electric | Smithfield | RI |
| | | |

| Nicholas Electric | Cranston | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Nightingale Heating | Providence | RI |
| Nite Oil | Tiverton | RI |
| Nolin Electric Incorporated | Providence | RI |
| Norman Pelletier | North Kingstown | RI |
| North Atlantic Heating Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| North Scituate Electric, Inc. | North Scituate | RI |
| Northeast Efficiency Supply (NES) | Pawtucket | RI |
| Northeast Electrical Distributors | Cumberland | RI |
| Northeast Temperature Control Inc. | Westerly | RI |
| Northern Energy Services Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Northern Power Electrical Services | North Scituate | RI |
| Ocean State Air Solutions | Portsmouth | RI |
| Ocean State Mechanical, Inc. | Fiskeville | RI |
| Oceanline Combustion Service Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| O'Dowd Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Old Tyme Electric, Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Omni Electric | Wakefield | RI |
| O'Neil Electric Company | Warwick | RI |
| Owen Blanco | Warwick | RI |
| P & S Electric Inc. | East Greenwich | RI |
| Pajan Services Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| Parente's Oil Service Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Parrella Electric | Providence | RI |
| Patrick Cunningham Electrician | Smithfield | RI |
| Paul Cinquegrana Electric | North Providence | RI |
| Paul Manfredo Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Paul Scotto Electrical | Portsmouth | RI |
| Payne & Son Electrical Services LLC | Forster | RI |
| Pellegrino Plumbing and Heating | Westerly | RI |
| Percivalle Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Perez LLC Plumbing Heating and Air Conditioning | Cranston | RI |
| Performance Restoration Inc. | North Providence | RI |
| Perrino Electric | Cranston | RI |
| Peter Chilabato Sure Power Electrical | Portsmouth | RI |
| Peter J Shadoian | North Providence | RI |
| Pete's Electric | Johnston | RI |
| Petro Home Services | Warwick | RI |
| Petro West Bay Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Petronelli Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Pezzullo & Sons Electric Inc. | East Providence | RI |
| Philip M Child Inc. | Warren | RI |
| Philips Precision Plumbing LLC | Greene | RI |



| Phillip J Bolster Plumbing and Heating | Wakefield | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Phillip J Forcier Electric | Cumberland | RI |
| Phillips Plumbing and Mechanical Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Phil's Heating and Air Conditioning | Westerly | RI |
| Pierce Plumbing and Heating LLC | Westerly | RI |
| Pinnacle Plumbing and Heating | Greenville | RI |
| Plumbing Solutions LLC | North Smithfield | RI |
| Potvin Enterprises Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Power By Design Electrical Contracting LLC | Richmond | RI |
| Precision Climate Control LLC | West Warwick | RI |
| Preventive Maintenance Solutions | Warwick | RI |
| Priority Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Providence Mechanical Services LLC | Smithfield | RI |
| R & M Electric Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| R F Heating & Cooling Inc. | Exeter | RI |
| R.E. Coogan Heating Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| R.S.C. Plumbing LLC | Exeter | RI |
| Ralph E Geiselman Plumbing and Heating | Pawtucket | RI |
| Ram Mechanical Heating & AC | North Kingstown | RI |
| Rama Electric | Wakefield | RI |
| Randall Plumbing | Warwick | RI |
| Ray Gagnon Electric, Inc. | Lincoln | RI |
| RB Queern Co. | Portsmouth | RI |
| RC Smith Electric | Warwick | RI |
| Reardon Plumbing and Heating | Warren | RI |
| Reddy Piping Concepts Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Regan Heating & Air Conditioning Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Regent Electric CO Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| Reilly Electrical Contractor Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Reliable Electric Corp. | Coventry | RI |
| Reliant Electric | Cranston | RI |
| Renaissance Sheet Metal LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Resendes Heating Service LLC | Coventry | RI |
| Restivos Heating and Air Conditioning | Johnston | RI |
| Rexel Energy Solutions (Munro Distributing) | Cranston | RI |
| Rhode Island Sheet Metal LLC | Pawtucket | RI |
| Rhodes Technologies Inc. | Coventry | RI |
| RI Insulation | Hope | RI |
| Ricci Electric | Cranston | RI |
| Richard Brochu | Manville | RI |
| Richard Havey | Warren | RI |
| Rick Tetreault's Electrical Services | Woonsocket | RI |
| Right View Electric. Inc. | East Providence | RI |
| | | |

| Rightway Electric, Inc. | Providence | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Rise Engineering | Cranston | RI |
| Ritacco Electric LLC | Westerly | RI |
| RMS Ruggieri and Sons Mechanical LLC | Richmond | RI |
| Robert Davignon | Warwick | RI |
| Robert Dionne Electrical Contractor | Providence | RI |
| Robert F Audet Inc. | East Greenwich | RI |
| Robert Lavigne | North Scituate | RI |
| Robert M Groleau | Cumberland | RI |
| Robert Perrino Electric | Cranston | RI |
| Robert Rachiele Electrician | Coventry | RI |
| Roberto Rodriguez Service LLC | Providence | RI |
| Roberts Electric | Pawtucket | RI |
| Roland Richard | Slatersville | RI |
| Ronald Vento Electrician | Johnston | RI |
| Rooter Man Plumbing | Johnston | RI |
| Ross Landy Electrician | Portsmouth | RI |
| Rossi Electric Company | Cranston | RI |
| RR Donnelley & Sons | North Kingstown | RI |
| RSM Electric | North Providence | RI |
| RST Mechanical | North Kingstown | RI |
| Russ Lembo Electrician | Johnston | RI |
| Ryan Electric Construction | Warwick | RI |
| Rycor Services | Cranston | RI |
| S & F Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| S & K Electric Inc. | Charlestown | RI |
| S & S Electric | Chepachet | RI |
| Sadler Services LLC | East Providence | RI |
| Sakonnet Electric | Bristol | RI |
| Sakonnet Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Little Compton | RI |
| Sal Manzi and Son Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Sam Bliven Jr Plumbing & Heating Inc. | Westerly | RI |
| Sanford Electric | Bristol | RI |
| Santoro Electric | Hope Valley | RI |
| Santoro Oil Company Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Santurri Electric | East Greenwich | RI |
| Sargent Plumbing Inc. | West Kingston | RI |
| Sasa Energy LLC | Johnston | RI |
| Sasa Mechanical Contractors Inc. | Johnston | RI |
| Savard Oil Company Inc. | East Providence | RI |
| Schroff Technologies Inc. | North Kingston | RI |
| Scott Gatta Electric | Johnston | RI |
| Sensible Heating and Air Conditioning LLC | Hope Valley | RI |
| | | |

| Sepol Industries Inc. | Portsmouth | RI |
|---|------------------|----|
| Shamrock Electric | Middletown | RI |
| Shearman Oil Inc. | Tiverton | RI |
| Shepherd Services | Cumberland | RI |
| Sheridan Electric Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Shoreline Plumbing | Charlestown | RI |
| Skanska USA Building Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Smalls Plumbing Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| Smp Electric LLC | West Warwick | RI |
| SMS Oil Burner Service Inc. | Jamestown | RI |
| Sonner Plumbing Heating and Construction Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Sosa & Son Heating Air Conditioning & Refrigeration | Woonsocket | RI |
| South County Community Action | North Kingstown | RI |
| South County Gas Service | Narragansett | RI |
| Spencer's Plumbing | North Kingstown | RI |
| SPL Electrical Corporation | North Smithfield | RI |
| Stafford Electric | North Scituate | RI |
| Standish Heating and Air Conditioning | Coventry | RI |
| Statewide Insulation | North Smithfield | RI |
| Stedman & Kazounis Plumbing and Heating | Charlestown | RI |
| Stem Electrical | Warwick | RI |
| Stephen Andrea Fire & Electric, LLC | Coventry | RI |
| Stephen Freitas Plumbing and Heating | Lincoln | RI |
| Steven Cacicia Electrician | Providence | RI |
| Steven Maymon | Warwick | RI |
| Sullivan & McLaughlin | Greenville | RI |
| Summit Electrical Contractors Inc. | Lincoln | RI |
| Sunshine Fuels and Energy Services, Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| Superior Comfort Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| Superior Electric | Providence | RI |
| Superior Fire & Electrical Services | North Providence | RI |
| Superior Insulation | Narragansett | RI |
| Superior LED Light Solutions | Warwick | RI |
| Superior Plumbing and Heating | Cranston | RI |
| Superior Security Systems LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Supply New England | Pawtucket | RI |
| SW & Sons Plumbing & Heating | Johnston | RI |
| Swajian and Son | Cranston | RI |
| Sylvester Sheet Metal Inc. | West Warwick | RI |
| Symmes Maini & McKee Asso | Providence | RI |
| T & T Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Hope Valley | RI |
| T Gomes Heating and Cooling | Warwick | RI |

| T.A. Gardiner Plumbing & Heating Inc. | Bristol | RI |
|---|--------------------------|----------|
| Tasso Plumbing and Heating | Middletown | RI |
| Tebano Electric | Bristol | RI |
| Tebo Electric Inc. | Woonsocket | RI |
| The Plumber Company LP | Cranston | RI |
| Thermal Energy Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Therrien Mechanical Systems | Lincoln | RI |
| Thielsch Engineering Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| Thomas Calci Plumbing | Coventry | RI |
| Thomas J Danusis Electrical Contractor Inc. | Hopkinton | RI |
| Thomas P McGee Plumbing and Heating | North Smithfield | RI |
| Tom Whitaker | Newport | RI |
| Toms Plumbing LLC | Manville | RI |
| Toner Electric Company | Middletown | RI |
| Tops Lighting (Electric Supply Company) | Providence | RI |
| Total Comfort Heating and Cooling Inc. | Lincoln | RI |
| Total Control HVAC LLC | Cranston | RI |
| TPF Electrical Services | Pawtucket | RI |
| Travers Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Portsmouth | RI |
| TRC Companies, Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Tri-Town Community Action | North Providence | RI |
| TruNorth Construction | Warren | RI |
| Tuma Insulations | Warwick | RI |
| UG Nasons Inc. | Middletown | RI |
| United Mechanical Inc. | Cranston | RI |
| V Letizia Plumbing, Heating, Fire Protection | Providence | RI |
| Valcourt Heating Inc. | Tiverton | RI |
| Valley Heating and Cooling Inc. | Wyoming | RI |
| Van's Electric Inc. | Bristol | RI |
| Vaughn Oil Company Inc. | Smithfield | RI |
| Venco Electric LLC | Cranston | RI |
| Vicmir & Sons Heating and Air Conditioning Controls | Riverside | RI |
| Victor Aillienello | Ducyidanaa | DI |
| | Providence Providence | RI |
| Viking Electric Inc. | Providence | RI RI |
| Vintage Plumbing Vivona Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Portsmouth | RI |
| W.W. Grainger, Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Wakefield Heating Service | Wakefield | RI |
| Waldo Plumbing and Heating LLC | Lincoln | RI |
| Warner's Appliance Services | Cumberland | RI |
| Warren Stephenson | Coventry | RI |
| · | Coveritry | |
| Watermark Plumbing LLC | Cranston | RI |

| Westbay Community Action | Warwick | RI |
|--|------------------|----|
| Wickford Appliance and Lighting Inc. | Pawtucket | RI |
| Wilkinson Plumbing and Heating | West Kingston | RI |
| William Calia Electrician | Johnston | RI |
| William Francis | Bristol | RI |
| William J Riley Plumbing and Heating | Warwick | RI |
| William Merritt Plumbing and Heating LLC | North Kingstown | RI |
| William N Harris Inc. | Providence | RI |
| William R Vallee Jr. Plumbing and Heating | Block Island | RI |
| William Soares Electric | Bristol | RI |
| Wojcik Electric | Narragansett | RI |
| Woods Heating Service | East Providence | RI |
| Wordell Heating & Cooling LLC | Little Compton | RI |
| Wyman and Sons Inc. | Providence | RI |
| Yuszczaks Plumbing and Heating Inc. | North Smithfield | RI |
| Zawadzki Plumbing and Heating Inc. | Warwick | RI |
| Zompa Plumbing and Heating | Warren | RI |
| Calson Corporation | Johnston | RI |
| | | |
| Benchmark Group Inc. | Rogers | AR |
| Association of Energy Services Professionals | Phoenix | ΑZ |
| AUTOGRID SYSTEMS INC | Redwood City | CA |
| Nest | Palo Alto | CA |
| PLMA | Vallejo | CA |
| Regency Lighting | Chatsworth | CA |
| Whisker Labs Inc. | Oakland | CA |
| E Source Companies LLC | Boulder | CO |
| Skumatz Economic Research Associates | Superior | CO |
| Dynamic Building & Energy (Formerly Uplands | | |
| Construction Group) | N. Stonington | CT |
| John G Smith | Brooklyn | CT |
| Kingspan Energy | Stamford | CT |
| L&M Electric LLC | North Branford | CT |
| Praxis Research Partners | Westport | CT |
| Shannon Energy Resources | Thomaston | CT |
| Techniart Inc. | Collinsville | CT |
| TRC - EEC&C | Windsor | CT |
| Tuscany Design Build | South Windsor | CT |
| Voltz Electric | Wallingford | CT |
| Wattsaver Lighting Products Inc. | East Hartford | CT |
| Energy Solutions Center | Washington | DC |
| Smartpower | Washington | DC |
| Express Lighting, Corp. | Melbourne | FL |
| | | |

| Pro. Unlimited Inc. | Boca Raton | FL |
|--|-----------------|----|
| National Energy Educational Development Need | Manassas | GA |
| Innerworkings Inc. | Chicago | IL |
| 3-D Lighting | Franklin | MA |
| A & M Electrical Mechanical, Inc. | Fall River | MA |
| ABE Electrical Installations | Northborough | MA |
| Action Inc. | Fall River | MA |
| Advanced Energy Services | Hopedale | MA |
| Ahaesy Electric | Fall River | MA |
| Air Energy LLC | South Easton | MA |
| Alternative Weatherization, Inc. | Fall River | MA |
| Andelman and Lelek Engineering Inc. | Norwood | MA |
| B2Q Associates Inc. | Andover | MA |
| Backlund Electric | Norfolk | MA |
| Baystate Energy Reduction | Sutton | MA |
| Beaupre Electric | Assonet | MA |
| Boiani Electric LLC | Portsmouth | MA |
| Brite Lite Electrical Company | Weymouth | MA |
| Broadway Electrical Co. | Dorchester | MA |
| Bruin Corp | North Attleboro | MA |
| Bulbs.com | Worcester | MA |
| Carlos A Magina Electrical Inc. | Seekonk | MA |
| Certified Connections Inc. | Worcester | MA |
| CL Fisk and Sons Inc. | Seekonk | MA |
| Coastal Light Electric Inc. | West Yarmouth | MA |
| Commonwealth Electrical Technologies | Worcester | MA |
| Complete Recycling Solutions LLC | Fall River | MA |
| Concord Electric Supply | Fall River | MA |
| Consolidated Marketing Services | Burlington | MA |
| Consortium For Energy Efficiency | Boston | MA |
| Corbiel Associates Inc. | South Weymouth | MA |
| Craig R Casavant Inc. | Blackstone | MA |
| Crown Supply Company Inc | Milford | MA |
| Daniel Cabral | Fall River | MA |
| DMI | Wellesley | MA |
| DP Electric Inc. | Blackstone | MA |
| Drolet Electric | North Attleboro | MA |
| DuCom Electric Inc. | Tewksbury | MA |
| Ecast Video LLC | Boston | MA |
| Ecova Inc. | Boston | MA |
| Efficiency Forward Inc. (DLC) | Medford | MA |
| Efficient Buildings LLC | Bridgewater | MA |
| Electric Supply Center | Mansfield | MA |
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| ENE Systems Inc. | Canton | MA |
|---|------------------|----|
| Energiwise Inc. | Medford | MA |
| Energy & Resource Solutions Inc. | North Andover | MA |
| Energy Federation Inc. | Westborough | MA |
| Energy Monster | Worcester | MA |
| Engie Services U.S. | Norwell | MA |
| Florence Electric LLC | Canton | MA |
| Focal Point Data Risk LLC | Newton | MA |
| GenCon Service Inc. | West Bridgewater | MA |
| GH Electrical Service | Attleboro | MA |
| Graybar | Boston | MA |
| Greenleaf Associates Inc. | Weston | MA |
| Hancock Software Inc. | Framingham | MA |
| Hull Electric | Marblehead | MA |
| IBM Corp. | Cambridge | MA |
| ICF Resources LLC | Cambridge | MA |
| Insulate 2 Save | Fall River | MA |
| Insulation R Us Inc. | Fall River | MA |
| Interstate Electrical Services Co. | North Billerica | MA |
| ION Lighting Distribution Inc. | Chicopee | MA |
| James Cordeiro Jr. Electrical Services | Fall River | MA |
| John Landry Electrician | Somerset | MA |
| Jones Lang LaSalle Construction | Boston | MA |
| KEMA | Burlington | MA |
| Kevin R Curt Electrical LLC | Fall River | MA |
| KM Kelly Inc. | Rochdale | MA |
| Lefevre | Taunton | MA |
| Leiser Corporation | Weston | MA |
| Litemor | Norwood | MA |
| LLEJ Equipment Inc. | North Easton | MA |
| Lockheed Martin | Burlington | MA |
| Matthew DeCicco Electric | Reading | MA |
| Mike Bell Electrician | Seekonk | MA |
| MV3 LLC | Canton | MA |
| National LED Distributors | Milton | MA |
| National Lightbulb | North Easton | MA |
| National Resource Management | Canton | MA |
| Navigant Consulting, Inc. | Boston | MA |
| NESCO (Needham Electric Supply) | Canton | MA |
| New Ecology Inc. | Boston | MA |
| NMR Group Inc. | Somerville | MA |
| Northeast Energy Efficiency Partnerships (NEEP) | Lexington | MA |
| Northeast LED, LLC | Pepperell | MA |
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| Northeast Sustainable Energy | Greenfield | MA |
|---|-----------------|----|
| O'Brien & Neville Inc. | Holliston | MA |
| O'Brien Electric | Plymouth | MA |
| Opinion Dynamics Corporation | Waltham | MA |
| Opterra Energy Services | Norwell | MA |
| Oracle America | Cambridge | MA |
| Peregrine Energy Group | Boston | MA |
| Piper Electric Inc. | Leominster | MA |
| Pmm Electric Inc. | Sandwich | MA |
| Ralco Electric Inc. | Westport | MA |
| Raymond D. Melanson Electric | Swansea | MA |
| Raytheon Company | Waltham | MA |
| Rethinking Power Management | Boston | MA |
| Retrofit Insulation | Fall River | MA |
| RF Plumbing and Heating | Mansfield | MA |
| ROI Energy Investments LLC | East Walpole | MA |
| Rooney Electric | North Reading | MA |
| Sacks Exhibits | Wilmington | MA |
| Sanlo Electric | Fall River | MA |
| Savio Lighting | Needham | MA |
| Sikora Electric | Fall River | MA |
| SourceOne Inc. | Boston | MA |
| South Coast Alternative Power Solutions | Acushnet | MA |
| South Shore Electrical LLC | Hingham | MA |
| Souza & Branco Electric | New Bedford | MA |
| Sprague Energy | Westborough | MA |
| Standard Electric | Wilmington | MA |
| State Electric Corporation | Bedford | MA |
| Stateline Fuel & Burner Service Inc. | Seekonk | MA |
| Steam Trap Systems | Amesbury | MA |
| Superior Energy Solutions | Swansea | MA |
| Synapse Energy Economics Inc. | Cambridge | MA |
| Tetra Tech | Marlborough | MA |
| The RETEC Group Inc. | East Walpole | MA |
| TNZ Energy Consulting Inc. | Stoughton | MA |
| Universal | Providence | MA |
| Veolia ES Technical Solutions LLC | Boston | MA |
| Vinnie Farrell Plumbing & Heating | Fitchburg | MA |
| Waran Electrical Technologies | Boston | MA |
| Wayne D Faria | North Dartmouth | MA |
| Wiedenbach-Brown | Norwood | MA |
| Wipro | Quincy | MA |
| World Energy Efficiency Services LLC | Worcester | MA |

| ANTARES Group Inc. | Lanham | MD |
|--|---------------|----|
| APTEC LLC | Bethesda | MD |
| Earth Networks Inc. | Germantown | MD |
| Boyko Engineering Inc. | Gorham | ME |
| Don Gagon | Biddeford | ME |
| Energy Design Service Systems LLC | Whitmore Lake | MI |
| Appliance Recycling Centers of America, Inc. | | |
| (ARCA) | Hopkins | MN |
| Wildman's Electric Inc. | Glenwood | MN |
| APEX Analytics | Greensboro | NC |
| Costal Lighting LLC | Wilmington | NC |
| IMMI (International Marketing Management, | | |
| Inc.) | Portsmouth | NH |
| Clear Energy LLC | Bloomfield | NJ |
| CMC Energy Services Inc. | Cranbury | NJ |
| Ideas Agency Inc. | Blairstown | NJ |
| CDH Energy Corp. | Cazenovia | NY |
| CHA Consulting Inc. | Albany | NY |
| FDM Group Inc. | New York | NY |
| Integrated Marketing Services Inc. | Liverpool | NY |
| L&S Energy Services Inc. | Clifton Park | NY |
| Logistic Innovations | Valhalla | NY |
| Ram Marketing | Saint James | NY |
| Rensselar Research | Troy | NY |
| Loeb Electric | Columbus | ОН |
| Melink Corp. | Milford | ОН |
| Quality LED Lighting | Aurora | ОН |
| Questline Inc. | Columbus | ОН |
| ecobee Inc. | Toronto | ON |
| Aelux-Wesco | Blue Bell | PA |
| Pontoon Solutions Inc. | Pittsburgh | PA |
| Blackhawk Engagement Solutions | Lewisville | TX |
| NexRev Inc. | Plano | TX |
| Compressed Air Challenge | Alexandria | VA |
| Kelliher Samets Volk | Burlington | VT |
| Vermont Energy Investment Corporation | Burlington | VT |
| D & S Electrical Contractors Inc. | Clarkston | WA |
| New Buildings Institute Inc. | White Salmon | WA |
| Northwest Energy Efficiency Council | Seattle | WA |
| ILLUME Advising LLC | Madison | WI |
| Market Probe Inc. | Milwaukee | WI |
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